DOEE APPROVAL STAMPS

GENERAL NOTES

- TWO-FOOT CONTOUR DATA BASED ON A SURVEY PERFORMED BY CAS
- PARTIAL BOUNDARY INFORMATION BASED ON A SURVEY PERFORMED BY CAS ENGINEERING, DATED MAY, 2018.
- MINIMUM LOT WIDTH = 40 FEET
 MINIMUM LOT AREA = 4,000 SQUARE FEET MAXIMUM BUILDING HEIGHT = 35 FEET / 3 STORIES FRONT B.R.L. = NONE PER DC SURVEYORS OFFICE MINIMUM REAR YARD = 20 FEET MINIMUM SIDE YARD = 5 FEET MAXIMUM LOT OCCUPANCY = 40%
 - MINIMUM PERVIOUS SURFACE COVERAGE = 20% NOTE: SITE IS LOCATED IN THE GEORGETOWN HISTORIC DISTRICT. IS THE SITE OF THE FOXALL-MCKENNEY HOUSE, AND THE COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS JURISDICTION AREA AND MAY BE SUBJECT TO ADDITIONAL
- 4) TOTAL LOT AREA: LOT 831 = 14,716 SQUARE FEET (0.338 ACRES)
- 5) PROJECT IS WITHIN FLOOD ZONE "X" (AREAS DETERMINED TO BE OUTSIDE THE 0.2% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOODPLAIN) AS PER FEMA FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP PANEL No. 1100010016C.
- 6) FINAL GAS AND ELECTRIC ALIGNMENT SUBJECT TO UTILITY COMPANY APPROVAL. FOR FIELD LOCATION AND ABANDONMENT / REMOVAL OF GAS MAINS AND SERVICE CONNECTIONS, CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY WASHINGTON GAS LIGHT COMPANY, (703) 750-1000, 72 HOURS PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY EXCAVATION OR CONSTRUCTION.
- 7) EX. WATER AND SEWER LINES TO BE "TEST —PITTED" PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
 PROPOSED WATER AND SEWER TO BE ADJUSTED HORIZONTALLY AND VERTICALLY
 AS NECESSARY. COORDINATE ANY MODIFICATIONS WITH DC WATER INSPECTOR AND CAS ENGINEERING-DC, LLC AS APPROPRIATE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAND DIG TEST PITS AT ALL UTILITY CROSSINGS AND CONNECTING POINTS TO DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION AND DEPTH WELL IN ADVANCE OF
- 8) D.C. STANDARD DETAILS WHERE SHOWN ARE FOR GENERAL INFORMATION ONLY.
 THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN THE MOST CURRENT APPLICABLE D.C. DETAILS
 AND STANDARDS AND PERFORM CONSTRUCTION ACCORDINGLY.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS PUBLIC SPACE MAINTENANCE ADMINISTRATION, 48 HOURS PRIOR TO START OF CONSTRUCTION,
- 10) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REPAIRING, REPLACING AND/OR RESTORING ANY AND ALL UTILITY SERVICE CONNECTIONS DISTURBED DURING CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THE ACTIVE/INACTIVE STATUS OF ANY EXISTING UTILITIES ENCOUNTERED ON SITE AND ABANDON OR RELOCATE AS APPROPRIATE. ABANDONMENT SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH DC WATER STANDARDS AND DETAILS.
- 11) CONTRACTOR IS TO VERIFY FIELD CONDITIONS PRIOR TO AND DURING CONSTRUCTION AND NOTIFY CAS ENGINEERING AT (202) 393-7200 IMMEDIATELY OF ANY DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN ACTUAL FIELD CONDITIONS AND THE APPROVED
- 12) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM ALL CONSTRUCTION IN PUBLIC SPACE IN ACCORDANCE WITH D.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR HIGHWAYS AND STRUCTURES, LATEST EDITION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN SAID SPECIFICATIONS.
- 13) CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN OR ENSURE THAT OTHERS HAVE OBTAINED ALL NECESSARY PERMITS AND APPROVALS PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH DEMOLITION/RAZING OF EXISTING IMPROVEMENTS AND CONSTRUCTION OF NEW

PROJECT NARRATIVE

THIS PROJECT PROPOSES TO RECONSTRUCT AND EXPAND AN EXISTING DRIVEWAY APRON ACCESSING A SINGLE—FAMILY DETACHED RESIDENTIAL DWELLING.

SITE CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- PROPOSED UTILITY LOCATIONS SUBJECT TO FIELD MODIFICATION AND UTILITY COMPANY APPROVAL.
- 2) CONTRACTOR TO ADJUST ALL EXISTING UTILITY TOPS (I.E. CLEANOUTS, MANHOLES, VALVE COVERS, ETC.) TO FINAL GRADE WHERE NECESSARY.
- 3) CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE ABANDONMENT OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES AS
- 4) CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE ON-SITE UTILITY CROSSINGS TO ENSURE ADEQUATE SEPARATION AT INTERSECTIONS. TEST PIT ALL UTILITY CROSSINGS PRIOR TO START OF CONSTRUCTION, ANY FIELD
- MODIFICATION TO BE COORDINATED WITH APPROPRIATE UTILITY, CAS ENGINEERING-DC,
- 6) PROPOSED RETAINING WALLS AND OTHER STRUCTURAL APPURTENANCES/FEATURES SHOWN ARE TO BE DESIGNED BY OTHERS, TYPICAL.
- 7) FOR FINAL LANDSCAPE/HARDSCAPE DETAILS, SPECIFICATIONS, ELEVATIONS, AND DIMENSIONS SEE LANDSCAPE PLANS, POOL PLANS, OR ARCHITECTURAL PLANS, AS
- ARE TO BE ADDRESSED BY OTHERS. 9) CONTRACTOR TO MAINTAIN DRAINAGE FACILITIES ON AND THROUGH THE SITE AT ALL TIMES DURING CONSTRUCTION. UTILIZE TEMPORARY FACILITIES/FEATURES AND/OR CONNECTIONS AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE.

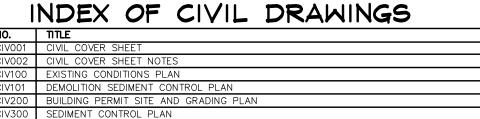
8) ANY NECESSARY TREE PROTECTION MEASURES, FOR ON-SITE OR OFF-SITE TREES,

- 10) CONTRACTOR TO COMPLETE SITE GRADING AND PAVING TO ENSURE POSITIVE DRAINAGE TO ALL INLETS OR NATURAL DRAINAGE COURSES TO PREVENT PONDING AND THE CREATION OF LOW SPOTS.
- 11) CONTRACTOR TO REVIEW TIE IN POINTS WITH EXISTING PAVING AND GRADING WHERE PROPOSED ON AND ADJACENT TO PROJECT SITE, ADJUST WITH TRANSITIONS AND COORDINATE WITH CAS ENGINEERING AS APPROPRIATE.
- 12) CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR ENSURING THAT ROUTES MEET AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT (ADA) REQUIREMENTS, WHERE REQUIRED/APPLICABLE, 5% MAXIMUM SLOPE, 2% MAXIMUM CROSS SLOPE. CONTRACTOR ALSO RESPONSIBLE FOR ENSURING THAT RAMPS MEET ADA REQUIREMENTS, WHERE REQUIRED/APPLICABLE, 8.3% MAXIMUM SLOPE AND 2% MAXIMUM CROSS SLOPE.
- 13) CONTRACTOR TO MAINTAIN FIRE DEPARTMENT AND EMERGENCY ACCESS ROUTES TO SITE AND TO APPLICABLE APPURTENANCES (I.E. FIRE HYDRANTS) DURING CONSTRUCTION UNLESS PRIOR APPROVAL IS OBTAINED FROM APPROPRIATE DISTRICT

TREE PROTECTION NOTES

CONTRACTOR TO SECURE ALL NECESSARY PERMITS, AND COORDINATE ANY DISTURBANCE WITHIN CRITICAL ROOT ZONE OR DRIP LINE OF STREET TREES WITH DDOT URBAN FORESTRY ARBORIST. DDOT UFA WARD 2 ARBORIST = REBECCA SCHWARTZ, rebecca.schwartz@dc.gov, (202) 779-2370.

- 1) STREET TREES TO BE PROTECTED WITH A 6-FT. TALL CHAIN LINK FENCE TO THE EXTENT OF THE TREE BOX (MINIMUM 4' \times 9') OR THE DRIP LINE IN A PLANTING STRIP. DRIP LINE IS THE GROUND AREA UNDER THE CANOPY OF A TREE.
- 2) ALL TREE PROTECTION MEASURES AND EXCAVATION SHALL COMPLY WITH 2013 DDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS (GOLD BOOK), SECTIONS 207.03, 608.07 AND
- 3) NONE OF THE FOLLOWING SHALL OCCUR WITHIN THE ROOT ZONE OF A STREET TREE WITHOUT DDOT UFA PERMISSION: ALTERATION OR DISTURBANCE TO EXISTING GRADE, STAGING/STORAGE OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS, EQUIPMENT, SOIL OR DEBRIS, DISPOSAL OF ANY LIQUIDS (E.G. CONCRETE, GAS, OIL, PAINT AND BLACKTOP), AND TRENCHING.
- 4) SILT FENCE AND SUPER SILT FENCE ARE PROHIBITED WITHIN THE ROOT ZONE OF A STREET TREE. TRENCHLESS METHODS SUCH AS FILTER LOGS, STRAW BALES OR APPROVED EQUIVALENTS SHALL BE USED.
- 5) ROOT ZONE IS MEASURED AT 4.5—FT. ABOVE GRADE FROM THE NEAR SIDE OF THE TRUNK TO THE DISTANCE THAT EQUALS THE TREE DIAMETER x 1.5—FEET OR TO THE DRIP LINE OF A STREET TREE, WHICHEVER IS GREATER.
- 6) NO HEAVY EQUIPMENT SHALL BE USED TO REMOVE EXISTING HARDSCAPE WITHIN THE DRIP LINE OF AN EXISTING STREET TREE. 7) EXCAVATIONS WITHIN THE DRIP LINE SHALL PROCEED WITH CARE BY USE OF HAND TOOLS OR EQUIPMENT THAT WILL NOT CAUSE INJURY TO TREE TRUNKS,
- 8) NO ROOTS GREATER THAN TWO (2) INCHES IN DIAMETER SHALL BE CUT WITHOUT DDOT UFA PERMISSION. EXPOSED ROOTS TWO (2) INCHES AND LARGER IN IAMETER SHALL BE WRAPPED IN BURLAP OR OTHER APPROVED MATERIAL AND
- 9) IF THERE ARE ANY TREE CONFLICTS ON THIS JOB SITE, THE PERMIT HOLDER MUST SUSPEND ALL WORK THAT CONTRIBUTES TO THE CONFLICT AND CONTACT THE DDOT UFA WARD ARBORIST TO RECEIVE CLEARANCE TO CONTINUE.
- 10) IF A STREET TREE REQUIRES REMOVAL, APPLICANT MUST APPLY FOR A CONSTRUCTION/EXCAVATION PERMIT FOR ITS REMOVALS AS PER THE FOLLOWING - HEALTHY STREET TREE: LANDSCAPING - TREE REMOVAL @ \$200 PER INCH DIAMETER OR UNHEALTHY STREET TREE: LANDSCAPING - TREE REPLACEMENT @ 1:1 REPLACEMENT PLANTING.



V301 SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

iV302 SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES
iV303 SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS
CIV400 PUBLIC SPACE PLAN
CIV401 PUBLIC SPACE DETAILS

00 CONTEXTUAL SITE PHOTOGRAPH

DIV402 PUBLIC SPACE DETAILS



VICINITY MAP ADC MAP 5528, GRID A-5 SCALE: I" = 2000'

Experience you can build on. CAS ENGINEERING-DC, LLC 1001 Connecticut Avenue, NW Suite 401 Washington, DC 20036 (202) 393-7200 Phone

www.cas-dc.com info@cas-dc.com CIVIL • SURVEYING • LAND PLANNING OWNER/CLIENT VAL HAWKINS ARCHITECT

WASHINGTON, DC 20007 (202) 674-9226 (PHONE) val@vhawkins.com ARCHITECT

ATTN: VAL HAWKINS, AIA 3123 DUMBARTON STREET, NW

VAL HAWKINS ARCHITECT

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(202) 674-9226 (PHONE) val@vhawkins.com

LOT 0831, SQUARE 1243 GEORGETOWN

DUMBARTON STREET, NW

> N.W. WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

ENGINEER ATTESTATION: I AM RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING THAT THE ENGINEERING DESIGNS NCLUDED IN THIS APPLICABLE ARE IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL LAWS AND REGULATIONS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. I HAVE PERSONALLY PREPARED, OR DIRECTLY SUPERVISED THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE ENGINEERING DESIGNS INCLUDED IN THIS APPLICATION SERVICES FOR THIS PROJECT, AND BEAR MY SEAL AND SIGNATURE



REVISED PER CFA COMMENTS	02.17.2
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REVISION	DA

CAS PROJECT			18-170B-DC
DATE			02/2021
DRAWN BY			MSL
CHECKED BY			DCL
APPROVAL			DCL
SCALE			1"=20'
10 0 SCALE: 1 INCH = 20	10 //////) FEET	20	40



CIVIL COVER SHEET

CIV001

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTE THIS PROJECT IS EXEMPT FROM THE PROVISIONS OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

REQUIREMENTS OF 21 DCMR, PURSUANT TO CHAPTER 5 PER 21 DCMR 517.1. CONSTRUCTION/IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN DO NOT QUALIFY AS A MAJOR LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITY OR MAJOR SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENT AS DEFINED UNDER 21 DCMR 599.1.

UTILITY INFORMATION

FOR COMPLIANCE WITH ALL JURISDICTIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

UTILITY	REQUEST DATE	BY	INFO RECEIVED	PLAN REVISED	BY
AT&T	04/04/2018	JAK	05/01/2018	NO FACILITIES	1
COMCAST	04/04/2018	JAK	04/04/2018	05/18/2018	JAK
MCI/WORLDCOM	04/04/2018	JAK	PENDING	-	_
PEPCO	04/04/2018	JAK	PENDING	-	_
VERIZON	04/04/2018	JAK	04/23/2018	05/18/2018	JAK
WASH. GAS	04/04/2018	JAK	04/17/2018	05/18/2018	JAK
DC SEWER	04/04/2018	JAK	04/12/2018	05/18/2018	JAK
DC WATER	04/04/2018	JAK	04/12/2018	05/18/2018	JAK

EXCAVATOR MUST NOTIFY ALL PUBLIC UTILITY COMPANIES WITH UNDER GROUND FACILITIES IN THE AREA OF PROPOSED EXCAVATION AND HAVE THOSE FACILITIES LOCATED BY THE

TILITY COMPANIES PRIOR TO COMMENCING EXCAVATION. THE EXCAVATOR IS RESPONSIBLE

INDEX MAP/OVERALL PLAN SCALE: 1"=20'

MALCOLM R LOVELL JR LOT 0072, SQUARE 1243 3126 O STREET, NW WEST 1.58' DUMBARTON STREET, NW

SEE SHEET CIVOO2

FOR SUPPLEMENTAL

INDEX MAP PROVIDED FOR CONTEXTUAL REFERENCE ONLY. REFER TO ADDITIONAL PLANS CONTAINED IN

THIS SET FOR DETAILS AND INFORMATION ON

PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.

PERMIT APPLICATION NUMBERS

DDOT OCCUPANCY NUMBER DDOT CONSTRUCTION NUMBER DC WATER NEW CONSTRUCTION MAXIMO N/A DC WATER RAZE MAXIMO N/A s16759 DOEE PLAN NUMBER DOEE RAZE NUMBER N/A COVER SHEET NOTES DCRA BUILDING PERMIT NUMBER DCRA RAZE PERMIT NUMBER N/A

P:\2018\18170-DC__3123 Dumbarton Street, NW\6 drawings\18170B-DC_CivilSet-1.dwg, 2/17/2021 4:49:57 PM, © 2020 CAS Engineering and CAS Engineering-DC, LLC

SEDIMENT CONTROL NARRATIVE

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

THIS PROJECT PROPOSES TO RECONSTRUCT AN EXISTING DRIVEWAY ACCESSING A LOT APPROXIMATELY 14,716 SQUARE FEET IN SIZE. THE TOTAL DISTURBED AREA = 700 SQUARE FEET±. PROJECTED EARTHWORK QUANTITIES ARE: CUT = 10 CUBIC YARDS, FILL = 10 CUBIC YARDS.

EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS

THIS LOT CURRENTLY IMPROVED WITH A DETACHED SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL

ADJACENT AREAS

THIS NEIGHBORHOOD CAN BE CHARACTERIZED AS RESIDENTIAL. THIS PARTICULAR LOT IS BOUNDED TO THE NORTH, EAST, AND WEST BY RESIDENTIAL LOTS AND TO THE SOUTH BY DUMBARTON STREET, NW.

OFF-SITE AREAS

THERE IS NOT AN ANTICIPATED NEED FOR A BORROW OR SPOILS SITE. IF NECESSARY, A SITE WILL BE LOCATED DURING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, BASED ON THE STATUS OF OTHER CONSTRUCTION SITES IN THE VICINITY

CRITICAL AREAS

NONE EXIST ON THIS SITE.

THE SOILS ON SITE CONSIST OF USB (URBAN LAND-MANOR COMPLEX) SOILS USB SOILS CONSIST OF AREAS OF URBAN LAND AND WELL DRAINED TO SOMEWHAT EXCESSIVELY DRAINED MANOR SOILS, MOST AREAS OF WHICH HAVE BEEN GRADED, CUT, FILLED, OR OTHERWISE DISTURBED DURING URBANIZATION. EXAMINATION AND IDENTIFICATION OF SOILS OR SOIL—LIKE MATERIALS IN THIS UNIT IS IMPRACTICAL BECAUSE SOILS ARE LARGELY COVERED BY IMPERVIOUS SURFACES, CAREFUL ONSITE NVESTIGATION IS RECOMMENDED TO DETERMINE THE POTENTIAL AND LIMITATIONS FOR ANY PROPOSED USES.

SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES

SEE SHEETS CIVO01, CIVO02, CIV101, CIV300, CIV301, CIV302, AND CIV303 FOR THE SEDIMENT CONTROL SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION, DETAILED SEDIMENT CONTROL INFORMATION, DETAILS, SPECIFICATIONS, ETC.

PERMANENT STABILIZATION

THE SITE SHALL BE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED PER THE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION ON SHEET CIVO02 AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH D.C. STANDARDS AS PROVIDED FOR ON SHEETS, CIV301, CIV302, AND CIV303.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

THIS PROJECT IS EXEMPT FROM STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS, SEE NOTE ON SHEET CIVOO1.

SEDIMENT CONTROL "GOOD HOUSEKEEPING" NOTES

(SOURCE: DOEE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT GUIDEBOOK, APPENDIX R, JANUARY, 2020)

POLLUTION PREVENTION

THIS APPENDIX IS MEANT TO COMPLEMENT APPENDIX Q STORMWATER HOTSPOTS AND AN EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN (ESCP). BUT NOT REITERATE EPA'S CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMI REQUIREMENTS. THESE NOTES SHALL APPEAR AS STAMPED NOTES ON STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLANS (SWMPS) WHERE LAND DISTURBANCE IS GREATER THAN 5.000 SQUARE FEET AND LESS THAN 1 ACRE. THESE NOTES SHALL CONSTITUTE A MINIMUM STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN AND PROVIDE GUIDANCE ON GOOD HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES TO PREVENT POTENTIAL CONSTRUCTION SITE POLLUTANTS FROM INTERACTING WITH STORMWATER.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN (SWMP) GOOD HOUSEKEEPING STAMP NOTES

IS NOT ACTIVELY BEING LOADED WITH WASTE MATERIALS.

- 1) FUELS AND OILS. ON—SITE REFUELING WILL BE CONDUCTED IN A DEDICATED LOCATION AWAY FROM ACCESS TO SURFACE WATERS. TANKS FABRICATED WITH DOUBLE WALLS DO NOT REQUIRE AN ADDITIONAL BERMED AREA. INSTALL CONTAINMENT BERMS AND/OR SECONDARY CONTAINMENTS AROUND REFUELING AREAS AND STORAGE TANKS. SPILLS WILL BE CLEANED UF IMMEDIATELY AND CONTAMINATED SOILS DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL FEDERAL AND DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA REGULATIONS. PETROLEUM PRODUCTS WILL BE STORED IN CLEARLY LABELED TIGHTLY SEALED CONTAINERS. ALL VEHICLES ON—SITE WILL BE MONITORED FOR LEAKS AND RECEIVE REGULAR PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES. ANY ASPHALT SUBSTANCES USED ON-SITE WILL BE APPLIED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. SPILL KITS WILL BE INCLUDED WITH ALL FUELING SOURCES AND MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES.
- 2) SOLID WASTE. NO SOLID MATERIALS SHALL BE DISCHARGED TO SURFACE WATER. SOLID MATERIALS INCLUDING BUILDING MATERIALS, GARBAGE, AND PAINT DEBRIS SHALL BE CLEANED UP DAILY AND DEPOSITED INTO DUMPSTERS, WHICH WILL BE PERIODICALLY REMOVED AND DEPOSITED INTO A LANDFILL. A COVER IS REQUIRED FOR ALL DUMPSTERS WHEN THE DUMPSTER
- ABRASIVE BLASTING. WATER BLASTING, SANDBLASTING, AND OTHER FORMS OF ABRASIVE BLASTING ON PAINTED SURFACES BUILT PRIOR TO 1978 MAY ONLY BE PERFORMED IF AN EFFECTIVE CONTAINMENT SYSTEM PREVENTS DISPERSAL OF PAINT DEBRIS.
- 4) FERTILIZER, FERTILIZERS WILL BE APPLIED ONLY IN THE MINIMUM AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER, WORKED INTO THE SOIL TO LIMIT EXPOSURE TO STORMWATER, AND STORED IN A COVERED SHED. PARTIALLY USED BAGS WILL BE TRANSFERRED TO A SEALABLE
- TIGHTLY SEALED AND STORED WHEN NOT REQUIRED FOR USE, EXCESS PAINT WILL NOT B DISCHARGED TO THE STORM SEWERS, BUT WILL BE PROPERLY DISPOSED OF ACCORDING MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. SPRAY GUNS WILL BE CLEANED ON A REMOVABLE TARP CHEMICALS USED ON—SITE ARE KEPT IN SMALL QUANTITIES AND IN CLOSED CONTAINERS UNDERCOVER AND KEPT OUT OF DIRECT CONTACT WITH STORMWATER. AS WITH FUELS AND OILS, ANY INADVERTENT SPILLS WILL BE CLEANED UP IMMEDIATELY AND DISPOSED OF
- CONCRETE. CONCRETE TRUCKS WILL NOT BE ALLOWED TO WASH OUT OR DISCHARGE SURPLUS CONCRETE OR DRUM WASH ON—SITE. EXCEPT IN A SPECIALLY DESIGNATED CONCRETE DISPOSAL AREA, FORM RELEASE OIL FOR DECORATIVE STONE WORK WILL BE APPLIED OVER A PALLET COVERED WITH AN ABSORBENT MATERIAL TO COLLECT EXCESS FLUID. THE ABSORBENT MATERIAL WILL BE REPLACED AND DISPOSED OF PROPERLY WHEN SATURATED.
- WATER TESTING. WHEN TESTING AND/OR CLEANING WATER SUPPLY LINES, THE DISCHARGE FROM THE TESTED PIPE WILL BE COLLECTED AND CONVEYED TO A COMPLETED STORMWATER CONVEYANCE SYSTEM FOR ULTIMATE DISCHARGE INTO A STORMWATER BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP).
- SANITARY WASTE. PORTABLE LAVATORIES LOCATED ON-SITE WILL BE SERVICED ON A REGULAR BASIS BY A CONTRACTOR PORTABLE LAVATORIES WILL BE LOCATED IN AN UPLAND AREA AWAY FROM DIRECT CONTACT WITH SURFACE WATERS. ANY SPILLS OCCURRING DURING SERVICING WILL BE CLEANED IMMEDIATELY AND CONTAMINATED SOILS DISPOSED OF IN

SUPPLEMENTAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

ACCORDANCE WITH ALL FEDERAL AND DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA REGULATIONS.

- A. EROSION SHALL BE CONTROLLED BY THE INSTALLATION OF GUTTERS AND DOWNSPOUTS AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE.
- B. MEASURES SHALL BE TAKEN TO ACHIEVE A NON-ERODING VELOCITY FOR STORMWATER EXITING FROM A ROOF OR DOWNSPOUT OR TO TEMPORARILY PIPE THAT STORMWATER DIRECTLY INTO A STORM DRAIN.
- C. THE SITE WORK SHALL MAXIMIZE THE PRESERVATION OF NATURAL VEGETATION AND LIMIT THE REMOVAL OF VEGETATION TO WHAT IS NECESSARY FOR CONSTRUCTION OR
- D. IF SITE CONDITIONS PRECLUDE EMPLOYMENT OF OTHER MEANS OF EROSION CONTROL, THE DEPARTMENT (DOEE) MAY APPROVE INSTALLATION OF SMALL DIKES CONSTRUCTED ALONG
- A LOW-LYING PERIMETER AREA OF A JOB SITE. . SEDIMENTS TRAPS OR BASINS AND OTHER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS SHALL BE
- INSTALLED NO LATER THAN THE FIRST PHASE OF LAND GRADING.
- F. SEDIMENT TRAPS OR BASIN AND OTHER ESC'S SHALL BE INSTALLED AS SOON AS NEW SITE-RELATED RUNOFF IS DETECTED AND EMPLOYED AT ALL TIMES TO PROTECT INLETS OR STORM SEWERS BELOW SILT PRODUCING AREAS. G. NO LATER THAN THE FIRST DAY OF CONSTRUCTION INSTALL SITE ACCESS MEASURES TO
- MINIMUM OFF—SITE VEHICLE TRACKING OF SEDIMENTS. EACH CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE MUST BE STABILIZED AND INCLUDE EACH ADDITIONAL MEASURE REQUIRED TO KEEP SEDIMENT FROM BEING CARRIED ON TO PUBLIC STREETS BY CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES AND WASHED INTO A STORM DRAIN OR WATER WAYS.
- H. REMOVE OFF-SITE ACCUMULATION OF SEDIMENT DAILY DURING CONSTRUCTION AND IMMEDIATELY AT THE REQUEST OF A DOEE INSPECTOR.

<u>DEMOLITION SEQUENCE</u>

CONTRACTOR TO SECURE ALL NECESSARY PERMITS, AND CONDUCT A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION OR ieb.scheduling@dc.gov, TO SCHEDULE A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING.

- 1) INSTALL SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AS SHOWN ON PLAN ON SHEET CIV101.
- 2) PROCEED WITH SELECTIVE. DEMOLISH EXISTING FEATURES WITH APPROPRIATE EQUIPMENT.
- 3) REMOVE DEBRIS FROM SITE BY TRUCK. TEMPORARILY STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS PER DC SEDIMENT CONTROL REQUIREMENTS.

UTILITY GENERAL NOTES (DC WATER)

- 1) CONTACT: NOTIFY THE FOLLOWING DC WATER DEPARTMENTS PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF UTILITY CONSTRUCTION:
- A) CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION SECTION AT 202-787-4024 AT LEAST TWO WEEKS PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF UTILITY CONSTRUCTION TO SCHEDULE PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING. B) WATER SERVICES AT 202-612-3400 AT LEAST ONE WEEK PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF WATER
- C) SEWER SERVICES AT 202-264-3862 OR 3873 AT LEAST ONE WEEK PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT
- STANDARDS: ALL CONSTRUCTION, MATERIALS, AND APPURTENANCES SHALL COMPLY WITH THE LATEST EDITIONS OF THE DC WATER PROJECT DESIGN MANUAL, STANDARD DETAILS & DESIGN GUIDELINES, AND
- 3) LEAD SERVICE REPLACEMENT: IF THIS PROJECT INCLUDES THE REPLACEMENT OF A WATER MAIN THAT HAS EXISTING LEAD WATER SERVICE LATERALS, THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR CONTACTING THE DC WATER CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION SECTION AT 202-787-4024 AT LEAST 90 DAYS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION TO ALLOW ADEQUATE TIME TO INITIATE STANDARD LEAD SERVICE REPLACEMENT PROTOCOL. LATERAL REPLACEMENT INCLUDES THE FULL LENGTH OF PIPE IN PUBLIC SPACE.
- 4) OWNER RESPONSIBILITY: THE OWNER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL WORK AND COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH EXCAVATION, INSTALLATION, AND RESTORATION OF PUBLIC SPACE TO PERFORM A WATER/SEWER CONNECTION/ABANDONMENT. ONCE THE CONTRACTOR HAS OBTAINED A PUBLIC SPACE PERMIT HE/SHE MUST THEN CONTACT DC WATER PRIOR TO PERFORMING THE EXCAVATION TO INSTALL /INSPECT THE UTILITY WORK. THE OWNER SHALL BE HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL DAMAGES TO EXISTING STRUCTURES AND UTILITIES CAUSED BY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY.
- 5) DC WATER RESPONSIBILITY: DC WATER IS ONLY RESPONSIBLE FOR INSTALLATION OF SMALL WATER SERVICE TAPS (2" DIAMETER AND LESS) TO THE PUBLIC MAIN, SMALL WATER SERVICE TAP REMOVALS FROM THE PUBLIC MAIN, FURNISHING & INSTALLING THE METER IN PUBLIC SPACE, AND INSPECTION OF WORK PERFORMED ON THE PUBLIC SYSTEMS.
- 6) MISS UTILITY: CONTACT MISS UTILITY AT 800-257-7777 48 HOURS BEFORE ANY DIGGING.
- 7) PLAN SET: A SET OF SIGNED & SEALED AND DC WATER STAMPED PLANS SHALL BE KEPT AT ALL TIMES AT THE JOB SITE ON WHICH ALL CHANGES OR VARIATIONS IN THE WORK, INCLUDING ALL EXISTING UTILITIES, ARE TO BE RECORDED AND/OR CORRECTED DAILY.
- 8) ABANDONMENTS: THE OWNER MUST PHYSICALLY DISCONNECT EXISTING WATER, SEWER, AND STORM ATERALS THAT ARE TO BE ABANDONED AT THEIR CONNECTION TO THE PUBLIC MAI
- 9) UNMETERED WATER: THERE SHALL BE NO UNMETERED CONNECTIONS TO THE CITY'S WATER SYSTEM, INCLUDING CONNECTIONS BYPASSING METERS FOR TESTING ON—SITE PLUMBING OR FOR OBTAINING CONSTRUCTION WATER.
- 10) PRESSURE TESTING AGAINST VALVES: PRESSURE TESTING AGAINST VALVES WILL NOT BE ALLOWED
- 11) WATER METER INSTALLATION: TO SCHEDULE THE INSTALLATION OF A DOMESTIC WATER METER CONTACT DC WATER AT 202-646-8600. DC WATER WILL FURNISH AND INSTALL THE METER AFTER THE CONNECTION TO THE MAIN HAS BEEN MADE AND THE METER PIT/VAULT HAS BEEN INSTALLED.
- 12) CROSS CONTAMINATION CONTROL: ASSE 1048 CERTIFIED BACKFLOW PREVENTION ASSEMBLIES ARE REQUIRED ON ALL FIRE SERVICES AND ARE TO BE LOCATED INSIDE THE BUILDING (UNLESS AN EXTERNAL LOCATION IS NECESSARY OR REQUIRED BY DC WATER) WHERE IT IS SUPPLIED, OWNED, OPERATED, AND MAINTAINED BY THE OWNER. DC WATER DOES NOT FURNISH NOR INSTALL FIRE DOUBLE CHECK DETECTOR FIRE PROTECTION BACKFLOW PREVENTION ASSEMBLIES.
- 13) UTILITY SERVICE DISRUPTIONS: PHASE ALL UTILITY WORK TO MAINTAIN UTILITY SERVICES TO THE SURROUNDING AREA DURING ALL PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION. LIMIT REQUIRED UTILITY SHUT—DOWNS IN NUMBER AND DURATION. COORDINATE THESE SHUT DOWNS WITH DC WATER CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION
- 14) WATER VALVE OPERATION: THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO COORDINATE WITH DC WATER FOR ALL NECESSARY WATER MAIN SHUT DOWNS WITH ADEQUATE ADVANCED NOTICE. ONLY DC WATER EMPLOYEES MAY SHUT DOWN A PUBLIC WATER MAIN. A CERTIFIED PLUMBER IS ONLY AUTHORIZED TO TURN OFF VALVES INSIDE METER PITS.
- 15) WATER GATE VALVE LOCATION: LOCATE GATE VALVES FOR DOMESTIC AND FIRE SERVICES AS CLOSE TO THE PUBLIC WATER MAIN TEE AS POSSIBLE. HOWEVER, IF NECESSARY ADJUSTMENTS ARE REQUIRED DUE TO CONFLICTS, COORDINATE WITH A DC WATER INSPECTOR.
- 16) MATERIAL: THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR SUBMITTING SHOP CUTS TO THE APPROPRIATE DC WATER OFFICE FOR APPROVAL OR OBTAINING A DC WATER APPROVAL STAMP FOR ALL WORK IN PUBLIC SPACE IN ADVANCE OF INSTALLATION. ONLY APPROVED MATERIALS MAY BE USED. 17) TEMPORARY CONDITIONS MINIMUM COVER: A NOMINAL FOUR FEET OF COVER IS REQUIRED FOR ALL WATER
- 18) AS-BUILT: DEVELOPERS, CONTRACTORS AND/OR PLUMBERS MUST SUBMIT FINAL CONSTRUCTION AS-BUILT INFORMATION TO THE APPROPRIATE DC WATER INSPECTOR(S) FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL, UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION OF NEW SERVICES OR ABANDONMENT OF EXISTING SERVICES. WHEN THE FINAL AS-BUILT IS APPROVED THE DEPOSIT WILL BE RETURNED TO THE APPLICANT. SEE DC WATER AS-BUILT REQUIREMENTS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

MAINS AT FINAL GRADE. COVER OF LESS THAN FOUR FEET REQUIRES DC WATER APPROVAL

- 19) CONFLICTS: THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY THE LOCATION OF EXISTING DC WATER INFRASTRUCTURE PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF PROPOSED UTILITIES. A MINIMUM OF ONE FOOT VERTICAL AND FIVE FEET HORIZONTAL CLEARANCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED FROM ANY UTILITIES AND PUBLIC WATER
- 20) FIRE HYDRANT USE: THE USE OF A FIRE HYDRANT AS A WATER SOURCE IS PROHIBITED UNLESS A PERMIT HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM DO WATER FOR USE OF A SPECIFIC HYDRANT(S) DAILY OR EXTENDED USE PERMITS CAN BE OBTAINED FROM THE DC WATER PERMIT OPERATIONS DEPARTMENT 202-646-8600.
- 21) FIRE HYDRANT STATUS: THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY FEMS AT 202-277-1889, PRIOR TO TAKING ANY FIRE HYDRANT OUT OF SERVICE OR RENDERING ANY HYDRANT INACCESSIBLE FOR ANY REASON. FEMS IS ALSO TO BE PROVIDED WITH THE LOCATION OF ANY NEW INSTALLATION OF PRIVATE FIRE HYDRANTS
- 22) DC WATER SAFETY OFFICE: THE DC WATER SAFETY OFFICE CAN BE CONTACTED AT 202-787-4350. 23) SEWER BACKFLOW PREVENTION: THE PLUMBING SYSTEM MUST BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 715 OF THE 2006 INTERNATIONAL PLUMBING CODE WHICH STATES A BACKWATER IS VALVE IS REQUIRED FOR ALL PLUMBING FIXTURES BELOW THE ELEVATION OF THE MANHOLE COVER OF THE NEXT UPSTREAM MANHOLE

<u>UNDERGROUND</u> UTILITY WORK NOTES

RUNOFF FROM EXCAVATED MATERIALS.

- A. WHEN CONDUCTING UNDERGROUND UTILITY WORK DO NOT OPEN MORE THAN FIVE HUNDRED LINEAR FEET (500 FT) OF TRENCH AT ANY ONE TIME.
- B. FILTER WATER PUMPED OUT OF TRENCH EXCAVATIONS PRIOR TO DISCHARGE TO THE
- C. PLACE EXCAVATED MATERIAL FOR UTILITY WORK ON THE UPHILL SIDE OF A TRENCH.
- D. INSTALL INTERIM OR PERMANENT STABILIZATION IMMEDIATELY AFTER A UTILITY TRENCH
- F. USE MULCH AND MATTING ON EXCAVATED MATERIAL TO MINIMIZE THEIR EROSION WHEN ATURAL OR ARTIFICIAL GRASS FILTER STRIPS ARE INSTALLED TO RECEIVE STORMWATER

LAND DISTURBANCE NOTE

- A RESPONSIBLE PERSON MUST BE PRESENT OR AVAILABLE WHILE TO SITE IS IN A LAND-DISTURBING
- PHASE. THE RESPONSIBLE PERSON IS CHARGED WITH BEING ABLE TO A INSPECT THE SITE AND ITS ESC MEASURES AT LEAST ONCE BIWEEKLY AND AFTER A RAINFALL EVENT
- O IDENTIFY AND REMEDY EACH POTENTIAL OR ACTUAL EROSION PROBLEM. B. RESPOND TO EACH POTENTIAL OR ACTUAL EROSION PROBLEM IDENTIFIED BY CONSTRUCTION
- C. SPEAK ON SITE WITH DOEE TO REMEDY EACH POTENTIAL OR ACTUAL EROSION PROBLEM.
- THIS RESPONSIBLE PERSON SHALL BE: A. LICENSED IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA AS A CIVIL OR GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER, A LAND

SUCCESS COMPLETION OF A DOEE-APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM [21 DCMR 547].

B. CERTIFIED THROUGH A TRAINING PROGRAM THAT DOEE APPROVES, INCLUDING A COURSE ON EROSION CONTROL PROVIDED BY ANOTHER JURISDICTION OR PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION DURING CONSTRUCTION, THE RESPONSIBLE PERSON SHALL KEEP PROOF OF PROFESSIONAL LICENSING OR

DOEE SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN GENERAL NOTES

- 1. FOLLOWING INITIAL LAND DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR INTERIM STABILIZATION MUST BE COMPLETED WITHIN SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS FOR THE SURFACES OF ALL PERIMETER CONTROLS, DIKES, SWALES, DITCHÉS, PERIMETER SLOPES, AND SLOPES GREATER THAN THREE (3) HORIZONTAL TO ONE (1) VERTICAL (3:1): AND FOURTEEN (14) DAYS FOR ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE. THESE REQUIREMENTS DO NOT APPLY TO AREAS SHOWN ON THE PLAN THAT ARE USED FO MATERIAL STORAGE OTHER THAN STOCKPILING, OR FOR THOSE AREAS ON THE PLAN WHERE ACTUAL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES ARE BEING PERFORMED. MAINTENANCE SHALL BE PERFORMED AS NECESSARY SO THAT STABILIZED AREAS CONTINUOUSLY MEET THE APPROPRIATE REQUIREMENTS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA STANDARDS AND
- SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL (ESC). [21 DCMR § 542.9 (0)] 2. ESC MEASURES SHALL BE IN PLACE BEFORE AND DURING LAND DISTURBANCE. [21 DCMR §
- 3. CONTACT DDOE INSPECTION (202) 535-2977 TO SCHEDULE A PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING AT LEAST THREE (3) BUSINESS DAYS BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF A LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITY. [21 DCMR § 503.7 (A)]
- 4. A COPY OF THE APPROVED PLAN SET WILL BE MAINTAINED AT THE CONSTRUCTION SITE FROM THE DATE THAT CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES BEGIN TO THE DATE OF FINAL STABILIZATION AND WILL BE AVAILABLE FOR DDOE INSPECTORS. [21 DCMR § 542.15]
- 5. ESC MEASURES SHALL BE IN PLACE TO STABILIZE AN EXPOSED AREA AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE AFTER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY HAS TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY CEASED BUT NO LATER THAN FOURTEEN (14) DAYS FOLLOWING CESSATION, EXCEPT THAT TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT STABILIZATION SHALL BE IN PLACE AT THE END OF EACH DAY OF UNDERGROUND UTILITY WORK THAT IS NOT CONTAINED WITHIN A LARGER DEVELOPMENT SITE. [21 DCMR § 543.7]
- 6. STOCKPILED MATERIAL BEING ACTIVELY USED DURING A PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE PROTECTED AGAINST EROSION BY ESTABLISHING AND MAINTAINING PERIMETER CONTROLS AROUND THE STOCKPILE. [21 DCMR § 543.16 (A)]
- 7. STOCKPILED MATERIAL NOT BEING ACTIVELY USED OR ADDED TO SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH MULCH, TEMPORARY VEGETATION, HYDRO-SEED OR PLASTIC WITHIN FIFTEEN (15) CALENDAR DAYS AFTER ITS LAST USE OR ADDITION. [21 DCMR § 543.16 (B)]
- 8 FILL MATERIAL MUST BE FREE OF CONTAMINATION LEVELS OF ANY POLLUTANT THAT IS OR MAY BE CONSIDERED TO REPRESENT, A POSSIBLE HEALTH HAZARD TO THE PUBLIC OR MAY BE DETRIMENTAL TO SURFACE OR GROUND WATER QUALITY, OR WHICH MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO PROPERTY OR THE DRAINAGE SYSTEM. ALL FILL MATERIAL MUST BE FREE OF

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS AND COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE DISTRICT AND FEDERAL

- 9. PROTECT BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES FROM SEDIMENTATION AND OTHER DAMAGE DURING CONSTRUCTION FOR PROPER POST CONSTRUCTION OPERATION. [21 DCMR § 543.5]
- 10. REQUEST A DDOE INSPECTOR'S APPROVAL AFTER THE INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING. [21 DCMR § 542.12 (A)]
- 11. REQUEST A DDOE INSPECTOR'S APPROVAL AFTER FINAL STABILIZATION OF THE SITE AND BEFORE THE REMOVAL OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS. [21 DCMR § 542.12 (B)]
- 12. FINAL STABILIZATION MEANS THAT ALL LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES AT THE SITE HAVE BEEN COMPLETED AND FITHER OF THE FOLLOWING TWO CRITERIA HAVE BEEN MET: (1) A UNIFORM (FOR EXAMPLE, EVENLY DISTRIBUTED, WITHOUT LARGE BARE AREAS) PERENNIAL VEGETATIVE COVER WITH A DENSITY OF SEVENTY PERCENT (70%) OF THE NATIVE BACKGROUND VEGETATIVE COVER FOR THE AREA HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED ON ALL UNPAVED AREAS AND AREAS NOT COVERED BY PERMANENT STRUCTURES, OR (2) EQUIVALENT PERMANENT STABILIZATION MEASURES HAVE BEEN EMPLOYED (SUCH AS THE USE OF RIPRAP, GABIONS, OR GEOTEXTILES). [21 DCMR § 542.12 (B.1, B.2)]
- 13. FOLLOW THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY APPROVED STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP) AND MAINTAIN A LEGIBLE COPY OF THIS SWPPP ON SITE. [21 DCMR § 543.10 (B)]
- 14. POST A SIGN THAT NOTIFIES THE PUBLIC TO CONTACT DDOE IN THE EVENT OF EROSION OR OTHER POLLUTION. THE SIGN WILL BE PLACED AT EACH ENTRANCE TO THE SITE OR AS DIRECTED BY THE DDOE INSPECTOR. EACH SIGN WILL BE NO LESS THAN 18 X 24 INCHES IN SIZE AND MADE OF MATERIALS THAT WILL WITHSTAND WEATHER FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT. LETTERING WILL BE AT LEAST 1 INCH IN HEIGHT AND EASILY READABLE BY THE PUBLIC FROM A DISTANCE OF TWELVE FEET (12 FT). THE SIGN MUST DIRECT THE PUBLIC, IN SUBSTANTIALLY THE FOLLOWING FORM: "TO REPORT EROSION, RUNOFF, OR STORMWATER POLLUTION" AND WILL PROVIDE THE CONSTRUCTION SITE ADDRESS, DDOE'S TELEPHONE NUMBER (202-535-2977), DDOE'S E-MAIL ADDRESS (IEB.SCHEDULING@DC.GOV), AND THE 311 MOBILE APP HEADING ("CONSTRUCTION-EROSION RUNOFF"). [21 DCMR § 543.22]
- IF A SITE DISTURBS 5,000 SQUARE FEET OF LAND OR GREATER, THE ESC PLAN MUST CONTAIN
- 15. A RESPONSIBLE PERSON MUST BE PRESENT OR AVAILABLE WHILE THE SITE IS IN A LAND-DISTURBING PHASE. THE RESPONSIBLE PERSON IS CHARGED WITH BEING AVAILABLE TO (A) INSPECT THE SITE AND ITS ESC MEASURES AT LEAST ONCE BIWEEKLY AND AFTER A RAINFALL EVENT TO IDENTIFY AND REMEDY EACH POTENTIAL OR ACTUAL EROSION PROBLEM, (B) RESPOND TO EACH POTENTIAL OR ACTUAL EROSION PROBLEM IDENTIFIED BY CONSTRUCTION PERSONNEL, AND (C) SPEAK ON SITE WITH DDOE TO REMEDY EACH POTENTIAL OR ACTUAL EROSION PROBLEM. A RESPONSIBLE PERSON SHALL BE (A) LICENSED IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA AS A CIVIL OR GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER, A LAND SURVEYOR, OR ARCHITECT; OR (B) CERTIFIED THROUGH A TRAINING PROGRAM THAT DDOE APPROVES, INCLUDING A COURSE ON EROSION CONTROL PROVIDED BY ANOTHER JURISDICTION OR PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION. DURING CONSTRUCTION, THE RESPONSIBLE PERSON SHALL KEEP ON SITE PROOF OF PROFESSIONAL LICENSING OR OF SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF A

SUPPLEMENTAL TREE PROTECTION NOTES

DDOE-APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM. [21 DCMR § 547]

(SOURCE: DOEE ESC MANUAL, 2017, SECTION 9.3.5) GROUPS OF TREES AND INDIVIDUAL TREES SELECTED FOR RETENTION MUST BE

ACCURATELY LOCATED ON THE PLAN AND DESIGNATED AS "TREE(S) TO BE SAVE INDIVIDUAL SPECIMENS THAT ARE NOT PART OF A TREE GROUP MUST ALSO HAVE THEIR SPECIES AND DIAMETER NOTED ON THE PLAN

2. PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION AND BEFORE THE PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING, MARK INDIVIDUAL

STANDS OF TREES TO BE RETAINED WITHIN THE LIMITS OF CLEARING AT A

- HEIGHT VISIBLE TO EQUIPMENT OPERATORS. 3. DURING ANY PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING, REVIEW TREE PRESERVATION AND PROTECTION
- MEASURES WITH THE CONTRACTOR AS THEY APPLY TO THAT SPECIFIC PROJECT. 4. DEFINE THE CRITICAL ROOT ZONE.

THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT:

- 5. CONSTRUCT THE TREE PROTECTION ZONE.
- 6. TREE BRANCHES THAT INTERFERE WITH THE CONSTRUCTION MAY BE TIED BACK OR PRUNED ONLY TO THE POINT NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE WORK. TYING BACK OR TRIMMING OF ALL BRANCHES MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ACCEPTED ARBORICULTURAL PRACTICES (ANSI A300, PART 8) AND BE PERFORMED UNDER SUPERVISION OF AN ARBORIST.
- 7. MECHANICAL BORING IS REQUIRED TO TUNNEL UNDER THE CRZ. THE BORING MUST BE AT A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 30 INCHES. EXCAVATIONS MUST PROCEED WITH CARE BY USE OF
- 8. DO NOT CUT ROOTS LARGER THAN 2 INCHES IN DIAMETER WITHOUT DOEE'S PERMISSION. 9. WRAP EXPOSED ROOTS 2 INCHES AND LARGER IN DIAMETER IN BURLAP OR OTHER APPROVED MATERIAL AND KEEP MOIST AT ALL TIMES.
- 10. HEAVY EQUIPMENT, VEHICULAR TRAFFIC, OR STOCKPILES OF ANY CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS (INCLUDING TOPSOIL) ARE NOT PERMITTED WITHIN THE CRZ OF ANY TREE TO BE RETAINED UNLESS THE SPECIFICATIONS SHOWN IN DETAIL 903.2 ARE FOLLOWED PER ARBORIST'S DIRECTION. SILT FENCING MUST NOT BE TRENCHED.

TREES TO BE REMOVED MUST BE REMOVED IN A CONTROLLED MANNER AND NOT FELLED,

LIMBS BY CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT. DO NOT NAIL BOARDS TO TREES DURING BUILDING OPERATIONS.

PUSHED, OR PULLED INTO TREES BEING RETAINED, DO NOT DAMAGE TREE TRUNKS AND

CONTRACTOR TO SECURE ALL NECESSARY PERMITS, AND CONDUCT A

PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR (202) 535-2977 AND ieb.scheduling@dc.gov, PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION OR ANY LAND DISTURBANCE.

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

- 1) INSTALL SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AS SHOWN ON THIS PLAN.
- 2) REMOVE EXISTING VEGETATION AND FEATURES AS NECESSARY.
- 3) BEGIN ROUGH GRADING OPERATIONS TO BRING LOT TO GRADE.
- 4) PROCEED WITH RECONSTRUCTION OF DRIVEWAY AND ASSOCIATED
- 5) CONTINUE DRIVEWAY AND OTHER ASSOCIATED CONSTRUCTION, INCLUDING ALL INTERIOR PLUMBING AND APPURTENANCES.
- 6) COMPLETE DRIVEWAY AND OTHER ASSOCIATED CONSTRUCTION, STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS PER DC SEDIMENT CONTROL REQUIREMENTS.
- 7) REMOVE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES AFTER ENTIRE SITE IS STABILIZED AND PERMISSION IS RECEIVED FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.



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ARCHITECT

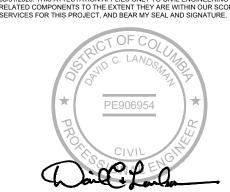
LOT 0831, SQUARE 1243 GEORGETOWN

DUMBARTON STREET, NW

N.W. WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

ENGINEER ATTESTATION: AM RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING THAT THE ENGINEERING DESIGNS CLUDED IN THIS APPLICABLE ARE IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL LAWS AND REGULATIONS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. I HAVE PERSONALLY PREPARED, OR DIRECTLY SUPERVISED THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE

ENGINEERING DESIGNS INCLUDED IN THIS APPLICATION



REVISED PER CFA COMMENTS

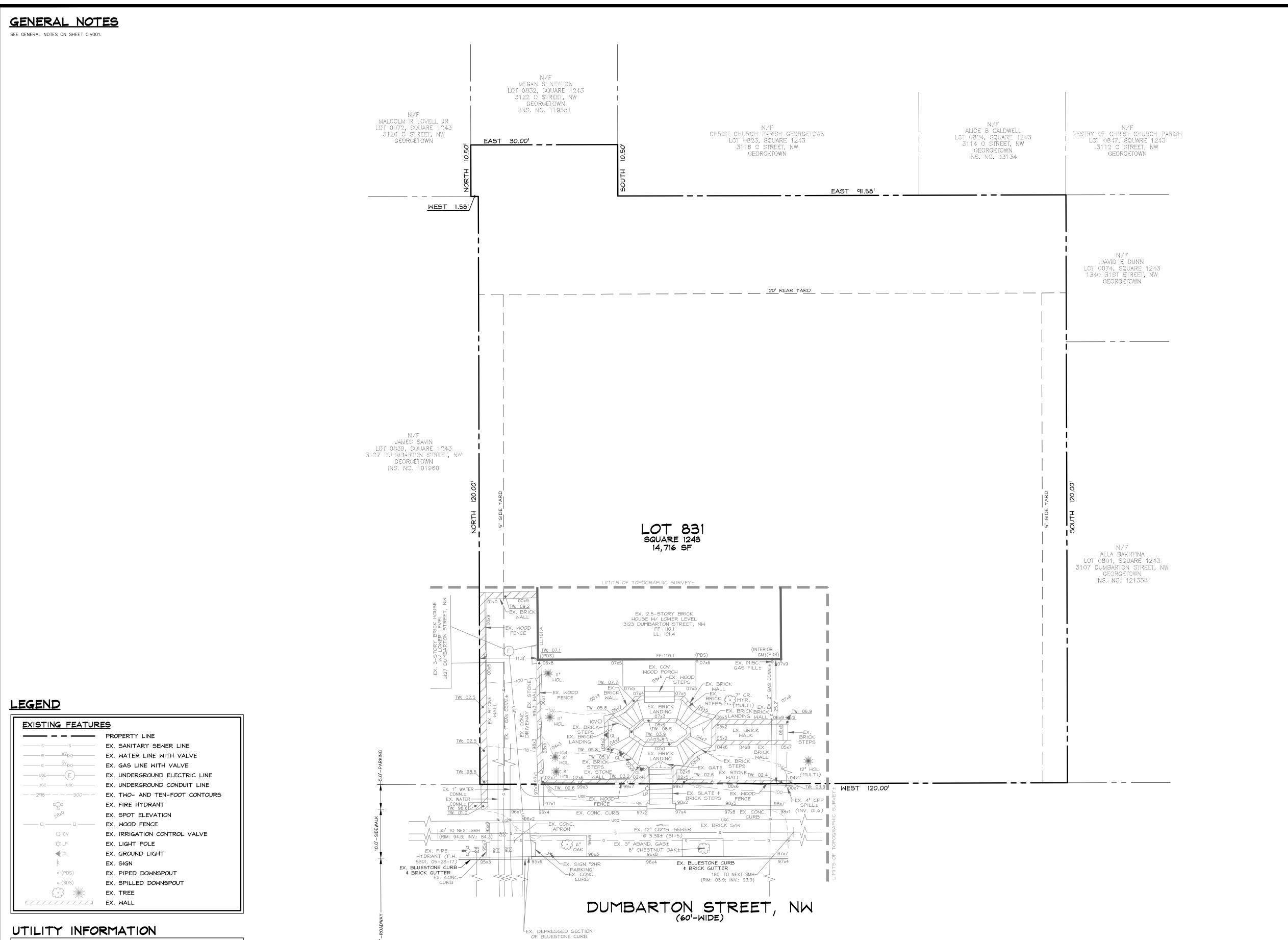
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SHEET TITLE **CIVIL COVER**

SHEET NOTES

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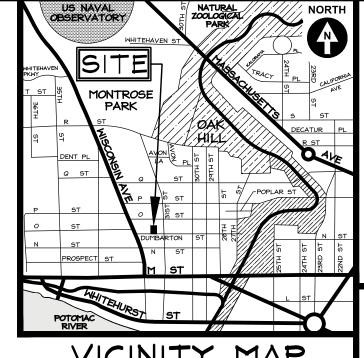


EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITY LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE AND MUST BE FIELD VERIFIED. UTILITY LOCATIONS ARE BASED UPON AVAILABLE RECORDS AND ARE SHOWN TO THE BEST OF OUR ABILITY.

FOR LOCATION OF UTILITIES, CALL "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-257-7777, OR LOG ON TO WWW.MISSUTILITY.NET/ITIC 48 HOURS IN ADVANCE OF ANY WORK IN THIS VICINITY. THE EXCAVATOR MUST NOTIFY ALL PUBLIC UTILITY COMPANIES WITH UNDER GROUND FACILITIES IN THE AREA OF PROPOSED EXCAVATION AND HAVE THOSE FACILITIES LOCATED BY THE UTILITY COMPANIES PRIOR TO COMMENCING EXCAVATION. THE EXCAVATOR IS

RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLIANCE WITH ALL JURISDICTIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

MISS UTILITY



VICINITY MAP

ADC MAP 5528, GRID A-5

SCALE: I" = 2000'

CC35

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OWNER/CLIENT

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ARCHITECT

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LOT 0831, SQUARE 1243 GEORGETOWN

3123 DUMBARTON STREET, NW

N.W. WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

ENGINEER ATTESTATION:

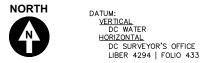
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I FURTHER CERTIFY THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER I THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, LICENSE NUMBER PE906954, EXPIRATION DATE 08/31/2020. THIS ATTESTATION APPLIES ONLY TO CIVIL ENGINEERING AND RELATED COMPONENTS TO THE EXTENT THEY ARE WITHIN OUR SCOPE OF SERVICES FOR THIS PROJECT, AND BEAR MY SEAL AND SIGNATURE.



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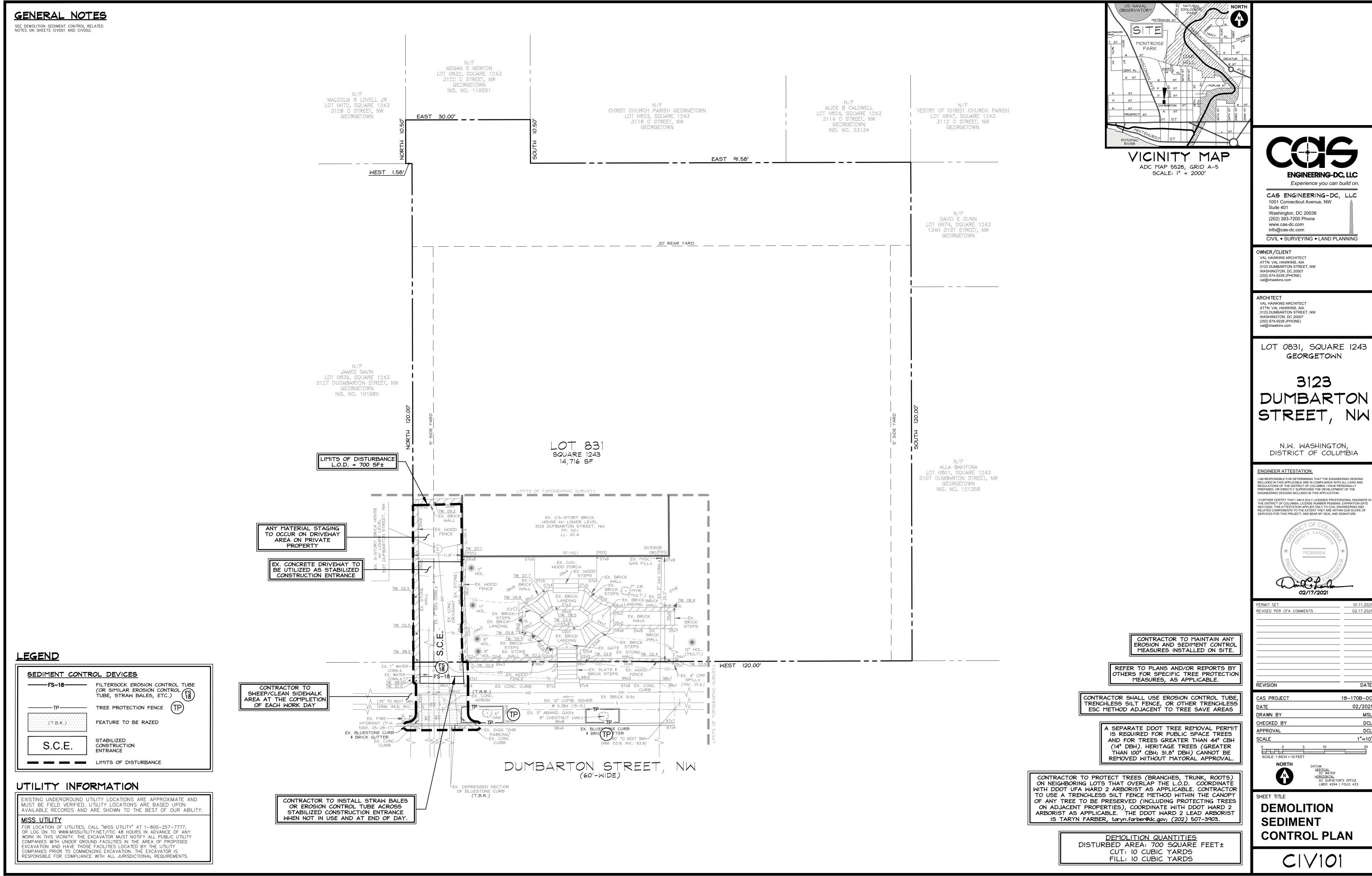
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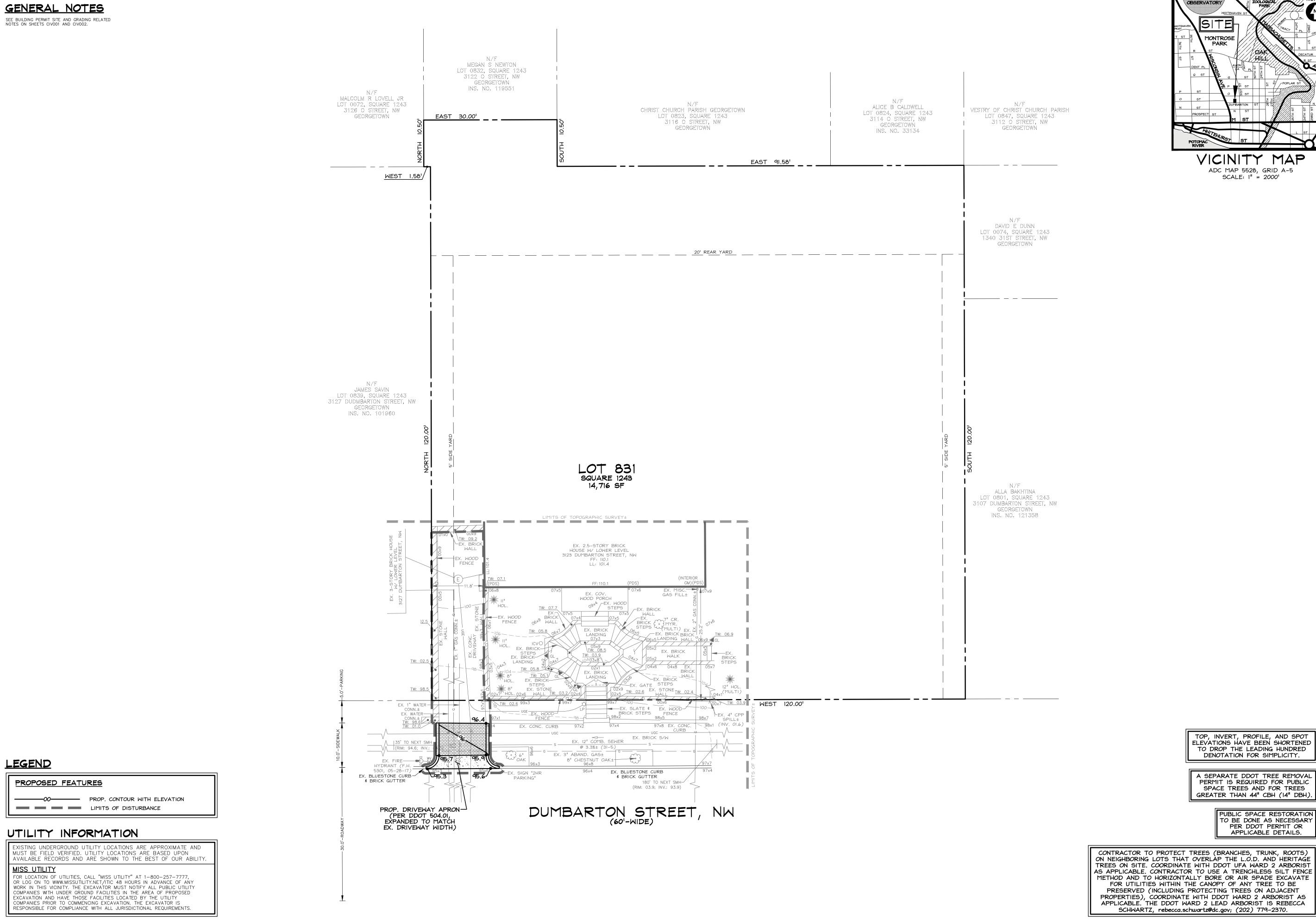


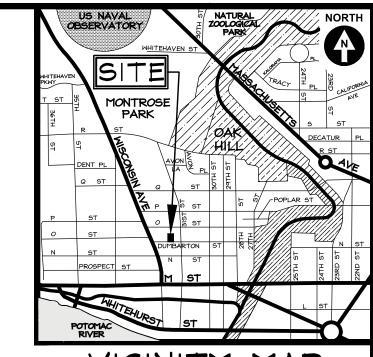
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EXISTING
CONDITIONS PLAN









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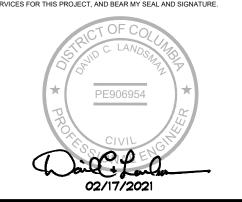
N.W. WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

ENGINEER ATTESTATION:

I AM RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING THAT THE ENGINEERING DESIGNS INCLUDED IN THIS APPLICABLE ARE IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL LAWS AND REGULATIONS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. I HAVE PERSONALLY PREPARED, OR DIRECTLY SUPERVISED THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE ENGINEERING DESIGNS INCLUDED IN THIS APPLICATION.

I FURTHER CENTIFY THAT I AWA DOLL LOCATED.

THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, LICENSE NUMBER PE906954, EXPIRATION DATE 08/31/2020. THIS ATTESTATION APPLIES ONLY TO CIVIL ENGINEERING AND RELATED COMPONENTS TO THE EXTENT THEY ARE WITHIN OUR SCOPE OF SERVICES FOR THIS PROJECT, AND BEAR MY SEAL AND SIGNATURE.



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REVISED PER CFA COMMENTS	02.17.202

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CAS PROJECT	18-170B-DC
DATE	02/2021
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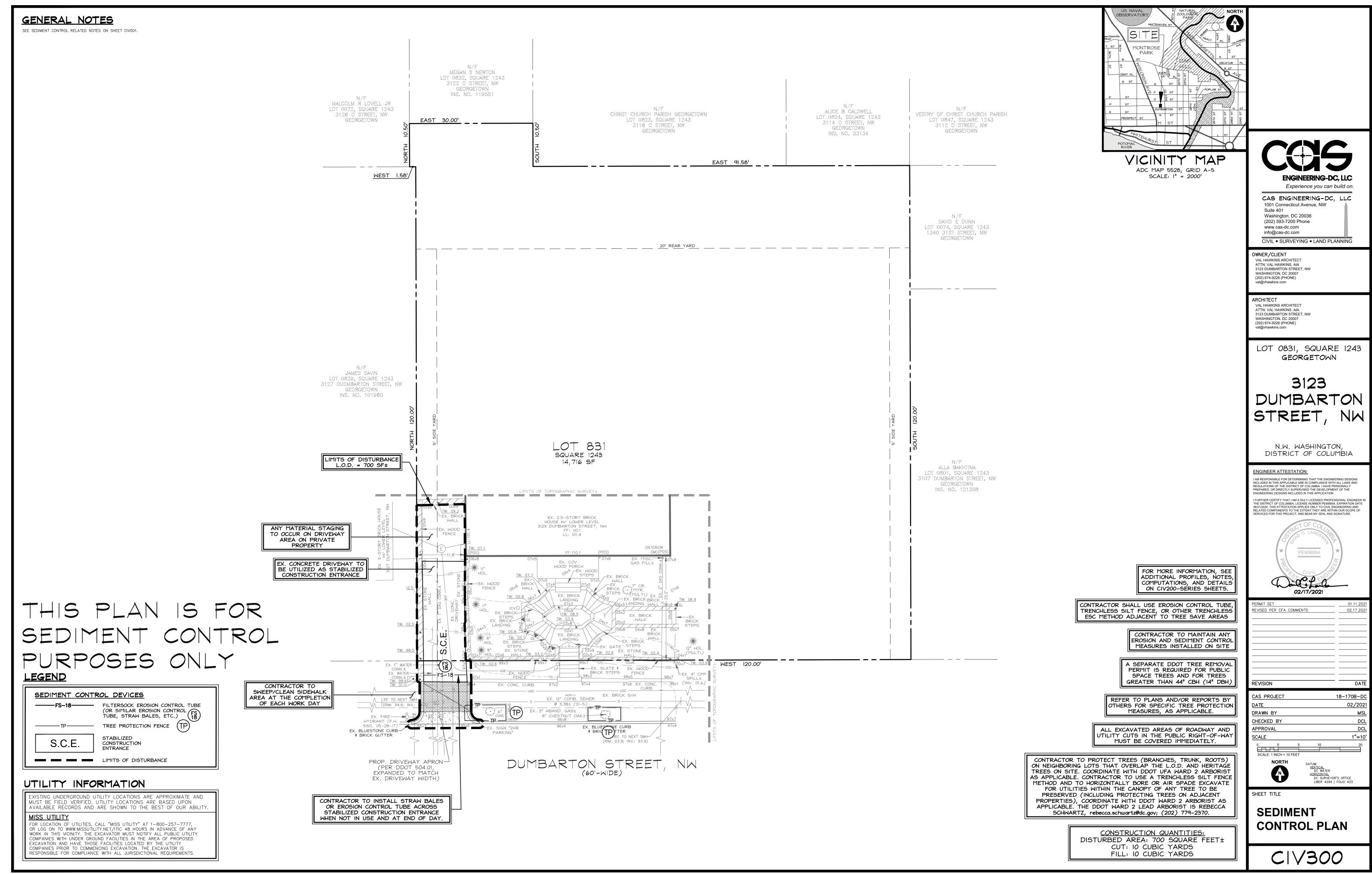


HORIZONTAL

DC SURVEYOR'S OFFICE
LIBER 4294 | FOLIO 433

SHEET TITLE

BUILDING PERMIT SITE AND **GRADING PLAN**



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Using vegetation as cover for barren soil to protect it from forces that cause erosion. This specification includes both temporary and permanent stabilization.

2.10.2 Purpose

Use vegetative stabilization specifications to promote the establishment of vegetation on exposed soil. When soil is stabilized with vegetation, the soil is less likely to erode and more likely to allow infiltration of rainfall, thereby reducing sediment loads and runoff to downstream areas and improving wildlife habitat and visual resources.

2.10.3 Conditions Where Practice Applies

Use this practice on denuded areas as specified on the ESC and SWM Plans. It may be used on highly erodible or critically eroding areas. This specification is divided into Temporary Seeding, to quickly establish vegetative cover for short duration (up to one year), and Permanent Seeding, for long-term vegetative cover. Examples of applicable areas for temporary seeding are temporary soil stockpiles, cleared areas being left idle between construction phases, and earth dikes or other temporary erosion control measures. Examples of permanent seeding include lawns, dams, cut and fill slopes, and other areas at final grade.

Vegetative stabilization must be in place to stabilize the surface of all perimeter controls, dikes, swales, ditches, perimeter slopes, and all slopes greater than 3:1 within 7 days. All other disturbed or graded areas on the project site must be stabilized within 14 days.

2.10.4 Design Criteria

Design criteria for both temporary and permanent vegetative stabilization includes seed specifications, seed mixtures, and soil amendments.

Seed Specifications

For both temporary and permanent soil stabilization, seed must meet the following specifications:

- 1. All seed must be subject to retesting by a recognized seed laboratory within the 6 months immediately preceding the date of sowing such material on the site.
- Note: Seed tags must be made available to the inspector to verify type and rate of seed used. 2. Seed quality must be consistent with the criteria outlined in Table 2.2.
- 3. The inoculant for treating legume seed in the seed mixtures must be a pure culture of nitrogen-fixing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Do not use inoculants beyond the date indicated on the container. Add fresh inoculant as directed on the package. Use 4 times the recommended rate when hydroseeding.

Chapter 2 Soil Stabilization

Note: It is very important to keep the inoculant as cool as possible until it is used. Temperatures above 75–80°F can weaken bacteria and make the inoculant less effective.

Table 2.2 Quality of Seed

Species	Minimum Seed Purity (%)	Minimum Seed Germination (%)
	Cool-Season Grasses	
Barley	98	85
Bentgrass, Creeping	95	85
Bluegrass, Canada	90	80
Bluegrass, Kentucky	97	80
Bluegrass, Rough	96	80
Fescue, Chewings	97	85
Fescue, Creeping Red	97	85
Fescue, Hard	97	85
Fescue, Sheep	97	85
Fescue, Tall	97	85
Oats	98	85
Orchardgrass	90	80
Redtop	92	80
Rye, Cereal	98	85
Ryegrass, Annual or Perennial	97	85
Saltgrass, Alkali	85	80
Wheat	98	85
Wild Rye, Canada	85	70
	Warm-Season Grasses	
Bluestem, Big	60	60
Bluestem, Little	55	60
Deertongue	95	75
Indiangrass	60	60
Millet, Foxtail or Pearl	98	80
Panicgrass, Coastal	95	70
Switchgrass	95	75
	Legumes/Forbs	
Clover, Alsike	99	85
Clover, Red	99	85
Clover, White	99	90
Flatpea	98	75
Lespedeza, Common	98	80
Pea, Partridge	98	70
Trefoil, Birdsfoot	98	85

Chapter 2 Soil Stabilization

Temporary Stabilization

Use temporary seeding to provide cover on disturbed areas for up to 12 months. Longer duration of vegetative cover requires permanent seeding.

Include in the plan the following Temporary Seeding Summary (Table 2.3) that identifies temporary seeding materials rates, species, and fertilizer/lime rates. Use Table 2.4 to complete the summary table. If Table 2.3 is not put on the plans and completed, then Table 2.4 must be put on the plans.

Soil tests are not required for temporary seeding, but the plan should identify recommended fertilizer and/or lime application rates. If soil testing is completed, report the testing agency's results on the plans. If a soil test has been performed, delete the rates shown in Table 2.3 and write in the rates recommended by the testing agency.

Table 2.3 Temporary Seeding Summary

Temporary Seeding Summary						
Seed Mixture	F. 47 D.4					
Seeding Rate (indicate units)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	(10-10-10)	Lime Rate		
1.0 lb/1,000 ft ²	2/15 - 4/30 8/15 - 11/30	0.5"	436 lb/ac	2 tons/ac		
			(10 lb/ 1,000 ft²)	(90 lb/ 1,000 ft²)		
	Seed Mixtur Seeding Rate (indicate units)	Seed Mixture Seeding Rate (indicate units) Dates 1.0 lb/1 000 ft ² 2/15 - 4/30	Seed Mixture Seeding Rate (indicate units) Dates Depths 1.0 b/1.000 ft ² 2/15 - 4/30 0.5"	Seed Mixture Seeding Rate (indicate units) Dates Depths		

* or approved equivalent, coordinate with DOEE inspector

Seed mixtures appropriate to the District of Columbia for temporary seeding are included in Table 2.4, along with appropriate seeding rates, depths, and planting dates.

Chapter 2 Soil Stabilization

Table 2.4 Temporary Seeding for Site Stabilization

Plant Species	Seeding Rate ¹		Seeding Depth	Recommended Seeding Dates			
	lb/ac	lb/1,000 ft ²	(inches) ²	Plant Hardiness Zone 7a and 7b ³			
Cool-Season Grasses							
Annual Ryegrass	40	1.0	0.5	Feb. 15 to Apr. 30; Aug. 15 to Nov. 30			
Barley	96	2.2	1.0	Feb. 15 to Apr. 30; Aug. 15 to Nov. 30			
Oats	72	1.7	1.0	Feb. 15 to Apr. 30; Aug. 15 to Nov. 30			
Wheat	120	2.8	1.0	Feb. 15 to Apr. 30; Aug. 15 to Nov. 30			
Cereal Rye	112	2.8	1.0	Feb. 15 to Apr. 30; Aug. 15 to Dec. 15			
Warm-Season Grasses							
Foxtail Millet	30	0.7	0.5	May 1 to Aug. 14			
Pearl Millet	20	0.5	0.5	May 1 to Aug. 14			

¹Seeding rates for the warm-season grasses are in pounds of pure live seed (PLS). Actual planting rates must be adjusted to reflect percent seed germination and purity, as tested. Adjustments are usually not needed for the cool-

Seeding rates listed above are for temporary seedings, when planted alone. When planted as a nurse crop with permanent seed mixes, use 1/3 of the seeding rate listed above for barley, oats, and wheat. For smaller-seeded grasses (annual ryegrass, pearl millet, foxtail millet), do not exceed more than 5% (by weight) of the overall permanent seeding mix. Generally, do not use cereal rye as a nurse crop unless planting will occur in very late fall beyond the seeding dates for other temporary seedings. Cereal rye has allelopathic properties that inhibit the germination and growth of other plants. If it must be used as a nurse crop, seed at 1/3 of the rate listed above. Oats are the recommended nurse crop for warm-season grasses

²For sandy soils, plant seeds at twice the depth listed above. ³The planting dates listed are averages and may require adjustment to reflect local conditions.

Permanent Stabilization

For permanent seeding, the plan must include the Permanent Seeding Summary with the following information. Use Tables 2.6 and 2.7 to complete the summary table.

Table 2.5 Permanent Seeding Summary

			Perm	ment Seed	ing Summa	ry		
No.	Seed Mixture				F	ertilizer Ra (10-20-20)	te	1100 400
	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	N	P208	K ₂ 0	Lime Rate
8	Tall Fescue (Lolium Arundinaceum)	2.3 lb / 1,000 ft ²	2/15 - 4/30 8/15 - 11/30	1/8"	45 lb/ac	90 lb/ac	90lb/ac	2 tons/ac
					(1.0 lb/ 1,000 ft ²)	(2 lb/ 1,000 ft ²)	(2 lb/ 1,000 ft ²)	(90 lb/ 1,000 ft ⁻)

Chapter 2 Soil Stabilization

Turfgrass Mixtures

Select a seed mixture from Table 2.6, using Table 2.7 (conditions by mix) as a guideline. Some guidance for common mixes is as follows:

- 1 Kentucky Bluegrass (full sun mixture) For use in areas that receive intensive management The recommended certified Kentucky bluegrass cultivars seeding rate is 1.5 to 2.0 pounds per 1,000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three bluegrass cultivars ranging from a minimum of 10% to a maximum of 35% of the mixture by weight.
- 2 Kentucky Bluegrass/Perennial Rye (full sun mixture) For use in full sun areas where rapid establishment is necessary and when turf will receive medium to intensive management. The certified perennial ryegrass cultivars/certified Kentucky bluegrass seeding rate is 2 pounds mixture per 1,000 square feet. A minimum of three Kentucky bluegrass cultivars must be chosen, with each cultivar ranging from 10% to 35% of the mixture by weight.
- 3 Tall Fescue/Kentucky Bluegrass (full sun mixture) For use in drought prone areas and/or for areas receiving low to medium management in full sun to medium shade. The recommended mixture includes 95% to 100% certified tall fescue cultivars and 0% to 5% certified Kentucky bluegrass cultivars. The seeding rate is 5 to 8 pounds per 1,000 square feet. One or more cultivars may be blended.
- 4 Kentucky Bluegrass/Fine Fescue (shade mixture) For use in areas with shade in bluegrass lawns or for establishment in high quality, intensively managed turf area. The mixture includes 30% to 40% certified Kentucky bluegrass cultivars and 60% to 70% of certified fine fescue. The seeding rate is 11/2 to 3 pounds per 1,000 square feet. A minimum of 3 Kentucky bluegrass cultivars must be chosen, with each cultivar ranging from a minimum of 10% to a maximum of 35% of the mixture by weight.

Note: Select turfgrass varieties from those listed in the most current Maryland-Virginia Turfgrass Variety Recommendation Work Group list (http://www.pubs.ext.vt.edu/)

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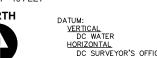
ENGINEER ATTESTATION: I AM RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING THAT THE ENGINEERING DESIGNS IAW RESPONDISE FOR DETERMINING IAM THE ENGINEERING DESIGNS INCLUDED IN THIS APPLICABLE ARE IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL LAWS AND REGULATIONS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. I HAVE PERSONALLY PREPARED, OR DIRECTLY SUPERVISED THE DEVLLOPMENT OF THE

ENGINEERING DESIGNS INCLUDED IN THIS APPLICATION THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, LICENSE NUMBER PE906954, EXPIRATION DAT 08/31/2020. THIS ATTESTATION APPLIES ONLY TO CIVIL ENGINEERING AND RELATED COMPONENTS TO THE EXTENT THEY ARE WITHIN OUR SCOPE OF SERVICES FOR THIS PROJECT, AND BEAR MY SEAL AND SIGNATURE.



PERMIT SET	01.11.2021
REVISED PER CFA COMMENTS	02.17.2021
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REVISION	DATE
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APPROVAL	DCI
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SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

CIV301

	Recommonded	Seedi	Seeding Rate ¹	Soil	Max.	Maint	
Mix	Cultivar	lb/ac	1,000 ft ²	Drainage Class ²	Height (in.)	Level ³	Remarks
	Warm-Se	ason/Cod	Warm-Season/Cool-Season Grass Mixes	rass Mixes			
SELECT ONE WARM-SEASON GRASS:							All encocion and notites to the area
Switch Grass (Panicum virgatum)	Blackwell, Carthage,	10	0.23				Plant this miss with a gentler ground dull
OR Coastal Panic Grass (Panicum amarum var. amarulum)	Cave-in-the-roots, of Shelter Atlantic	10	0.23				Coastal paniegrass is best adapted to
AND ADD: Creeping Red Fescue (Festuca rubra var. rubra)	Navigator II	15	0.34	I		ļ	Zones /a and /b. Creeping red fescue is a cool-season grass
LUS <u>one</u> of the following legumes:				ŢŢ	/_+	3	will provide crosion protection while the warm-season grass (switchgrass or coastal
Partridge Pea (Chamaecrista fasciculate)	Common	4	60.0				pamegrass) is necoming established.
Bush Clover (Lespedeza capitate)	Common	7	0.05				Switchgrass, coastal panicgrass, the Tawso variety of creeping red fescue, and partridg
Wild Indigo (Baptisia tinctoria)	Common	7	0.05				pea are moderately salt tolerant. Do not use bush clover or wild indigo on wet sites.
Big Bluestem (Andropogon gerardii)	Niagara or Rountree	9	0.14				orang ordy of parishon and projection IIA
Indiangrass (Sorghastrum nutans)	Rumsey	9	0.14				An species are nauve to ure area.
Little Bluestem (Schizachyrium scoparium)	Aldous or	4	60.0				the inclangrass and otherstems have murry seeds. Plant with a specialized native seed to
Creeping Red Fescue (Festuca rubra var. rubra)	Blaze Navigator II	15	0.34				Creeping red fescue is a cool-season grass will provide crosion protection while the
LUS <u>one</u> of the following legumes:				E-MW	8-9	C-D	warm-season grasses are becoming establis
Partridge Pea (Chamaecrista fasciculata)	Common	4	60.0				
Bush Clover (Lespedeza capitata)	Common	2	0.05				
Wild Indigo (Baptisia tinctoria)	Common	2	0.05				
Showy Tick-Trefoil (Desmodium canadense)	Common	-	0.05				

Ä	Recommended	Seedi	Seeding Rate ¹	Soil	Max. Height	Maint.	Romanica
MIN	Cultivar	lb/ac	1,000 ft ²	Dramage Class ²	(in.)	Level ³	Kemarks
	Warm-Se	ason/Co	Warm-Season/Cool-Season Grass Mixes	rass Mixes			
3. SELECT THREE GRASSES: Decrtongue (Dichanthelium clandestinum)	Tioga	20	0.46				Excellent for excessively droughty, lov
Canada Wild Rye (Elymus canadensis)	Common	3	0.07				(acidic) solis.
Redtop (Agrostis gigantean)	Streaker	1	0.02	E-MW	8-4	C-D	Canada wild rye and redtop are cool-se grasses that will provide erosion protect.
PLUS THE FOLLOWING LEGUME:							while the warm-season grass (deertong becoming established.
Common Lespedeza (Lespedeza striata)	Kobe	10	0.23				Common lespedeza ('Kobe' variety) is reseeding annual.
4. Deertongue (Dichanthelium clandestinum)	Tioga	15	0.34				
Creeping Red Fescue (Festuca rubra var. rubra)	Navigator II	20	0.46				
Virginia Wild Rye (Elymus virginicus)	Common	S	0.11	W-P	2–3	C-D	Use Virginia wild rye on moist, shady
<u>OR</u> Canada Wild Rye (<i>Eḥmus canadensis</i>)	Common	5	0.11				OSC Canada when the On moughly st
	Ö	ool-Sease	Cool-Season Grass Mixes	xes			
5. SELECT TWO GRASSES: Creeping Red Fescue (Festuca rubra var. rubra)	Navigator II	20	0.46				Use creeping red fescue in heavy shad moist sites.
Hard Fescue (Festuca trachyphylla)	Beacon, Gotham,	20	0.46				Perennial ryegrass and redtop will esta more rapidly than either fescue. Redtop
Perennial Ryegrass (Lolium perenne)	Spartan II, Sword Blazer (II), Pennfine	10	0.23	{		ţ	tolerates wet sites better than ryegrass.
OR				E-SF	7-3	R-D	Flatpea will suppress woody vegetation in the spring, or as a dormant seeding in
Redtop (Agrostis gigantean)	Streaker	-	0.02				soil or covered with mulch. It may not
AND ADD THE FOLLOWING LEGUME:							winter-nardy it planted late summer to Caution: Flatpea can spread aggressive
Flatpea (<i>Lathyrus sylvestris</i>)	Lathco	15	0.34				can be toxic to iivestock.

Mix	Cultivar	lb/ac	1,000 ft ²	Dramage Class ²	neignt (in.)	Level³	Kemarks
	٥	ool-Seas	Cool-Season Grass Mixes	xes			
6. Tall Fescue (Lolium arundinaceum) (formerly Festuca arundinacea)	Recommended turf-types ⁴	40	0.93				
Perennial Ryegrass (Lolium perenne) PLUS THE FOLLOWING LEGUME:	Blazer (II), Pennfine	25	0.57	W-SP	2–3	C-D	
White Clover (Trifolium repens)	Common	5	0.11				
7. Creeping Red Fescue (Festuca rubra var. rubra)	Navigator II	09	1.38	MOA M	-	5	This cair has exected about tell assessed
Kentucky Bluegrass (Poa pratensis)	Recommended turf-types ⁴	15	0.34	w.Ivi-w	7-1	7	IIIIs IIIIX IIas good siiade toletallee.
8. Tall Fescue (Lolium arundinaceum) (iomerly Festuca arundinacea)	Recommended turf-types ⁴	100	2.3	E-SP	2–3	A-D	Tall fescue produces a dense turf if frequent moved, but teafs to be clumpy if mowed on cocasionally. For best results, recommend using a blend of 3 cultivars. Use low-endophyte cultivars in areas where livestock may graze.
9. SELECT ONE SPECIES OF FESCUE: Tall Fescue (Lolium arundinaceum)	Recommended	09	1.38				Good for highly managed athletic fields.
(Iomerly Festica armanacea)	turf-types						I all tescue is more suitable for compacted, high use areas and on moist sites.
Hard Fescue (Festuca trachyphylla) AND ADD:	Beacon, Gotham, Spartan II, Sword	40	0.92				Hard fescue produces finer-textured turf wir more shade tolerance.
Kentucky Bluegrass (Poa pratensis)	Recommended	40	0.92	W-SP	2–3	A-B	Use tall fescue instead of hard fescue for wastewater treatment strips and areas.
Perennial Ryegrass (Lolium perenne)	Blazer (II), Pennfine	20	0.46				For best results, recommend using a blend coultivars each for tall fescue and Kentucky bluegrass.

	Recommonded	Seedi	Seeding Rate	Soil	Max.	Maint	
Mix	Cultivar	lb/ac	lb/ 1,000 ft²	Drainage Class ²	Height (in.)	Level ³	Remarks
	Ö	ool-Seaso	Cool-Season Grass Mixes	ses			
10. Orchardgrass (Dactylis glomerata)	Any	25	0.57				Low maintenance mix that is easy to estab
Creeping Red Fescue (Festuca rubra var. rubra)	Navigator II	10	0.23				
Redtop (Agrostis gigantean)	Streaker	-	0.02	W_SP	2–3	C-D	-
Alsike Clover (Trifolium hybridum)	Common	3	0.07				Alsike clover can be toxic to horses.
White Clover (Trifolium repens)	Common	3	0.07				Omit the clovers it using this mix for wastewater treatment strips and areas.
11. Creeping Red Fescue (Festuca rubra var. rubra)	Navigator II	30	69'0				
Chewings Fescue (Festuca rubra ssp. commutata)	Radar	30	69.0				
Kentucky Bluegrass (Poa pratensis) OPTIONAL, ADDITION	Recommended turf-types ⁴	20	0.46	E-MW	2–3	B-D	
Rough Bluegrass (Poa trivialis)	Соштоп	15	0.34				Add rough bluegrass in moist, shady conditions.
12. Creeping Red Fescue (Festuca rubra var. rubra)	Navigator II	25	0.57				Attractive mix of fine fescues and wildflo
Hard Fescue (Festuca trachyphylla)	Beacon, Gotham,	25	0.57				established, the grasses may tend to
Sheep Fescue (Festuca ovina)	Common or Bighorn	25	0.57				ourcompete the whithowers.
<u>PLUS</u> WILDFLOWER MIX:							Within the literature of the broadcasting and cultipacking on a preparaged by the best of the literature of the literatu
Black-eyed Susan (Rudbeckia hirta)	Common	7	0.05				section. Diffing can be also used, but ca must be taken so that seeds are not drilled
Lance-leaved Coreopsis (Coreopsis lanceolata)	Common	2	0.05	E-MW	2–3	C-D	uccjp.
Partridge Pea (Chamaecrista fasciculate)	Common	5	0.11				if wildflowers are used. (They have very s
<u>OR</u> ADD CLOVER MIX:							secus.)
White Clover (Trifolium repens)	Common	3	0.07				
Red Clover (Trifolium pretense)	Any	6	0.07				

	Doggammond	Seed	Seeding Kare	201	Max.	Maint	
Mix	Cultivar	lb/ac	lb/ 1,000 ft²	Drainage Class ²	Height (in.)	Level ³	
	٥	ool-Sease	Cool-Season Grass Mixes	ses			
ass (Dactylis glomerata)	Any	25	0.57				Low maint
ted Fescue (Festuca rubra var. rubra)	Navigator II	10	0.23				
grostis gigantean)	Streaker	-	0.02	W-SP	2–3	C-D	10:150
ver (Trifolium hybridum)	Common	ю	0.07				Alsike clov
er (Trifolium repens)	Common	3	0.07				wastewater
ded Fescue (Festuca rubra)	Navigator II	30	69:0				
Fescue (Festuca rubra ssp. commutata)	Radar	30	69.0				
Bluegrass (Poa pratensis)	Recommended turf-types ⁴	20	0.46	E-MW	2–3	В-D	
egrass (Poa trivialis)	Common	15	0.34				Add rough conditions.
Red Fescue (Festuca rubra var. rubra)	Navigator II	25	0.57				Attractive
e (Festuca trachyphylla)	Beacon, Gotham,	25	0.57				established
ne (Festuca ovina)	Spartan II, Sword Common or Bighorn	25	0.57				outcompet
DFLOWER MIX:							broadcastir
Susan (Rudbeckia hirta)	Common	61	0.05				must be tal
d Coreopsis (Coreopsis lanceolata)	Common	7	0.05	E-MW	2–3	C-D	utcep. Hydrocood
a (Chamaecrista fasciculate)	Common	5	0.11				if wildflow
LOVER MIX:							scens.)
er (Trifolium repens)	Common	ю	0.07				
(Trifolium pretense)	Any	3	0.07				

w | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | 4 4 4 4 A A A A A A A A

P:\2018\18170-DC_3123 Dumbarton Street, NW\6 drawings\18170B-DC_CivilSet-1.dwg, 2/17/2021 4:50:13 PM, © 2020 CAS Engineering and CAS Engineering-DC, LLC

Chapter 2 Soil Stabilization 4. Sod Installation - During periods of excessively high temperature or in areas having dry subsoil, the subsoil must be lightly irrigated immediately prior to laying the sod. The first row of sod must be laid in a straight line with subsequent rows placed parallel to and tightly wedged against each other. Lateral joints must be staggered to promote more uniform growth and strength. Ensure that sod is not stretched or overlapped and that all joints are butted tight in order to prevent voids, which would cause air drying of the roots. Wherever possible, lay sod with the long edges parallel to the contour and with staggering joints. Roll and tamp, peg, or otherwise secure sod to prevent slippage on slopes and to ensure solid contact between sod roots and the underlying soil surface. Immediately water sod following rolling or tamping until the underside of the new sod pad and soil surface below the sod are thoroughly wet. Complete the operations of laying, tamping and irrigating for any piece of sod within eight hours. Incremental Stabilization – Cut Slopes Dress, prepare, seed, and mulch all cut slopes as the work progresses. Excavate and stabilize slopes in equal increments not to exceed 15 feet. The construction sequence is as follows (refer to Figure 2.1): (a) Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to convey runoff from the excavation. (b) Perform phase 1 excavation, dress, and stabilize. (c) Perform phase 2 excavation, dress, and stabilize. Overseed phase 1 areas as necessary

(d) Perform final phase excavation, dress, and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded areas as

Note: Once excavation has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization.

Chapter 2 Soil Stabilization

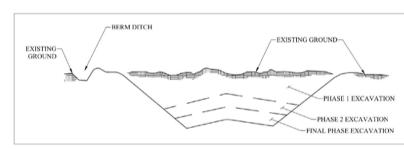


Figure 2.1 Incremental stabilization - cut.

Chapter 2 Soil Stabilization

adversely affect its survival.

Use sod grass to provide quick cover on disturbed areas (2:1 grade or flatter).

labels available to the job foreman and inspector

1. Class of turfgrass sod must comply with the grass varieties listed in Table 2.7. Make sod

2. Machine cut sod at a uniform soil thickness of 3/4 inches, plus or minus 1/4 inches, at the time

of sod must be cut to the supplier's width and length. Maximum allowable deviation from

their size and shape when suspended vertically with a firm grasp on the upper 10% of the

5. Harvest, deliver, and install sod within a period of 36 hours. Sod not transplanted within this

standard widths and lengths is 5%. Broken pads and torn or uneven ends will not be

3. Standard size sections of sod must be strong enough to support their own weight and retain

4. Do not harvest or transplant sod when moisture content (excessively dry or wet) may

period must be approved by an agronomist or soil scientist prior to its installation.

The recommended planting dates for permanent cover can be found in Table 2.8.

of cutting. Measurement for thickness must exclude top growth and thatch. Individual pieces

Incremental Stabilization of Embankments – Fill Slopes

Construct embankments in lifts as prescribed on the plans. Immediately stabilize slopes when the vertical height of the multiple lifts reaches 15 feet, or when the grading operation ceases as prescribed in the plans. At the end of each day, construct temporary berms and pipe slope drains along the top edge

of the embankment to intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-erosive manner to a sediment trapping device. The construction sequence is as follows (refer to Figure 2.2):

(a) Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to divert runoff around the fill. Construct Slope Silt Fence on low side of fill as shown in Figure 2.2, unless other methods shown on the plans address this area.

(b) Place phase 1 embankment, dress and stabilize.

(c) Place phase 2 embankment, dress and stabilize.

(d) Place final phase embankment, dress and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded areas as necessary.

Note: Once the placement of fill has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization.

Chapter 2 Soil Stabilization

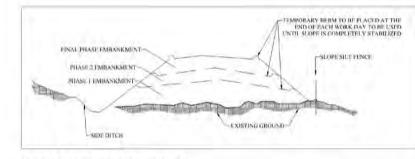


Table 2.8 Recommended Planting Dates for Permanent Cover

1. When seeding toward the end of the listed planting dates, or when conditions are expected to be less than

condition until planting.
Recommend adding a nurse crop, as noted above, if planting during this period.

optimal, select an appropriate nurse crop from Table 2.4 Temporary Seeding for Site Stabilization and plant

When planted during the growing season, most of these materials must be purchased and kept in a dormant

4. Warm-season grasses need a soil temperature of at least 50 degrees F in order to germinate. If soil temperatures

are colder than 50 degrees, or moisture is not adequate, the seeds will remain dormant until conditions are

weed control prior to planting. When selecting a planting date, consider the need for weed control vs. the likelihood of having sufficient moisture for later plantings, especially on droughty sites.

have not sufficiently rooted in place. Sod usually needs 4 to 6 weeks to become sufficiently rooted.

Additional planting dates during which supplemental watering may be needed to ensure plant establishment.

Minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment include the following:

3. The soil must contain less than 40% clay but enough fine grained material (> 30% silt plus

acceptable to plant lovegrass or serecia lespedeza in sandy soil (< 30% silt plus clay).

6. If these conditions cannot be met by soils on site, topsoil must be added as required in

clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. As an exception, it is

1. Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime

and fertilizer on sites with disturbed areas over 5 acres. Soil analysis may be performed by

Frequent freezing and thawing of wet soils may result in frost-heaving of materials planted in late fall, if plants

favorable. In general, planting during the latter portion of this period allows more time for weed emergence and

Type of Plant Material

Seeds - Cool-Season Grasses

Sod - Cool-Scason

Minimum Soil Criteria

(includes mixes with forbs and/or legumes)

(includes mixes with forbs and/or legumes)

together with the permanent seeding mix.

1. Soil pH must be between 6.0 and 7.0.

Section 2.6 Topsoiling.

2. Soluble salts must be less than 500 parts per million (ppm).

4. Soil must contain 1.5% minimum organic matter by weight.

Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)

5. Soil must contain sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration.

Seeds - Warm-Season/Cool-Season Grass Mixes

Figure 2.2 Incremental stabilization - fill.

2.10.6 Maintenance

Grass Maintenance

 Inspect all seeded areas for failures and make necessary repairs, replacements, and reseedings within the planting season

2 Once the vegetation is established, the site must have 95% ground cover to be considered adequately stabilized.

3. If the stand provides less than 40% ground coverage, reestablish following original lime,

fertilizer, seedbed preparation and seeding recommendations. 4. If the stand provides between 40% and 94% ground coverage, overseeding and fertilizing

using half of the rates originally applied may be necessary.

5. Maintenance fertilizer rates for permanent seedings are shown in Table 2.9.

Table 2.9 Maintenance Fertilization for Permanent Seeding

to prevent topsoil from sliding down a slope.

Chapter 2 Soil Stabilization

the University of the District of Columbia or a certified commercial laboratory. Soil samples

approval from DOEE. Deliver all fertilizers to the site fully labeled per applicable laws and

containing at least 50% total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone must

be ground to such fineness that at least 50% will pass through a #100 mesh sieve and 98% to

application by approved equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior

taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses.

bear the name, trade name or trademark, and warranty of the producer.

100% will pass through a #20 mesh sieve.

usually necessary for temporary seeding.

for sites having disturbed area over 5 acres.

(b) Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans.

2.10.5 Construction Specifications

disking or other suitable means.

the placement of topsoil.

suitable means.

Seedbed Preparation

Temporary Seeding

2. Fertilizers must be uniform in composition, free flowing, and suitable for accurate

3. Lime materials must be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted)

1. Install erosion and sediment control structures (either temporary or permanent) such as

diversions, grade stabilization structures, berms, waterways, or sediment control basins.

2. Perform all grading operations at right angles to the slope. Final grading and shaping is not

3. Schedule required soil tests to determine soil amendment composition and application rates

4. Distribute lime and fertilizer evenly and incorporate them into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by

limestone at the rate of 4 to 8 tons per acre (200 to 400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior to

(a) Seedbed preparation must consist of loosening soil to a depth of 3 to 5 inches by means

smooth but leave in the roughened condition. Track sloped areas (greater than 3:1)

(c) Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other

2. Permanent Seeding - Maintain areas previously graded in conformance with the drawings in

a true and even grade, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3 to 5 inches to

permit bonding of the topsoil to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots

of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or

rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened, do not roll or drag

leaving the surface in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of

5. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, spread ground

Seeding Mixture	Туре	Seed lb/ac	ding Rate lb/1,000 ft ²	Time	Mowing
Tall fescue makes	10-10-10	500	11.5	Yearly or as needed.	Not closer than 3 inches, if
up 70% or more of cover.	30-10-10	400	9.2	Fall	occasional mowing is desir
Birdsfoot trefoil.	0-20-0	400	9.2	Spring, the year following establish- ment, and every 4 to 5 years, after.	Mow no closer than 2 inche
Fairly uniform stand of tall fescue or birdsfoot trefoil.	5-10-10	500	11.5	Fall, the year following establish- ment, and every 4 to 5 years, after.	Not required, no closer that inches in the fall after seed matured.
Weeping lovegrass fairly uniform plant distribution.	5-10-10	500	11.5	Spring, the year following establish- ment, and every 3 to 4 years, after.	Not required, not closer that inches in fall after seed has matured.
Red & chewings fescue, Kentucky	20-10-10	250	5.8	September, 30 days later.	Mow no closer than 2 inche for red fescue and Kentuck
bluegrass, hard fescue mixtures.	20-10-10	100	2.3	December, May 20, June 30, if needed.	bluegrass, 3 inches for fesc
Red & chewings fescue, Kentucky	20-10-10	250	5.8	September, 30 days later.	Mow no closer than 2 inch
bluegrass, hard fescue mixtures.	20-10-10	100	2.3	December, May 20, June 30, if needed.	for red fescue and Kentuck bluegrass, 3 inches for fesc

first week and in sufficient quantities to maintain moist soil to a depth of 4 inches. Water during the heat of the day to prevent wilting.

than a third of the grass leaf by the initial cutting or subsequent cuttings. Maintain grass height between 2 to 3 inches unless otherwise specified.

Chapter 9 Other Practices

9.1 Dust Control

9.1.1 Definition

9.1.2 Purpose

To control blowing dust and movement on construction sites and roads.

create off-site damage, health hazards, and traffic safety problems.

Chapter 9 Other Practices

9.1.3 Conditions Where Practice Applies

To prevent or reduce the blowing and movement of dust from disturbed soil surfaces that may

This practice is applicable to areas subject to dust blowing and movement where on and off-site

nuisance dust damage is likely without treatment. 9.1.4 Design Criteria

When designing a dust control plan for a site, the amount of soil exposed will dictate the quantity

of dust generation and transport. Therefore, construction sequencing and disturbing only small areas at a time can greatly reduce problematic dust from a site. If land should be disturbed, consider additional temporary stabilization measures prior to disturbance.

- Mulches See Section 2.7 Mulching. Chemical or wood cellulose fiber binders must be used instead of asphalt to bind mulch material.
- Vegetative Cover See Section 2.10 Vegetative Stabilization.
- 3. Spray-on Adhesives Use on mineral soils (not effective on muck soils). These are generally synthetic materials that are applied to the soil surface to act as binding agents. Asphalt-based and coal tar-based materials are not accepted. Keep traffic off these areas once they have been treated. The following table may be used for general guidance.

Chapter 9 Other Practices

Table 9.1 Spray-on Adhesives Guidance

Table 5.1 Spray-on Aunesives v	Juluance		
Adhesive	Water Dilution (Adhesive: Water)	Type of Nozzle	Application Rate (gallons/acre)
Latex emulsion	12.5:1	Fine spray	235
Resin-in-water emulsion	4:1	Fine spray	300
Acrylic emulsion (non-traffic)	7:1	Coarse spray	450
Acrylic emulsion (traffic)	3.5:1	Coarse spray	350

- 4. Tillage This is an emergency temporary practice that will scarify the soil surface and prevent or reduce the amount of blowing dust until a more appropriate solution can be implemented. Begin the tillage operation on the windward side of site. Use a chisel-type
- plows to produce the best results. 5. Sprinkling – This is the most commonly used dust control practice. The site is sprinkled with water until the surface is moist and repeated as needed. This practice can be particularly effective for road construction and other traffic routes. The site must not be sprinkled to the
- 6. Barriers Solid board fences, snow fences, burlap fences, straw bales, crate walls, or similar materials can be used to control air currents and soil blowing.
- 7. Calcium Chloride Can be applied as flakes or granular material with a mechanical spreader at a rate that will keep the soil surface moist but not so high as to cause water pollution or plant damage. Can be reapplied as necessary.

Permanent Methods

9.1.5 Construction Specifications

point that runoff occurs.

- 1. Permanent Vegetation See Section 2.10 Vegetative Stabilization. Existing trees or large shrubs may afford valuable protection if left in place.
- 2. Topsoiling Covering with less erosive soil materials. See Section 2.6 Topsoiling. 3. Stone - Cover surface with crushed stone or coarse gravel. See Section 2.3 Construction Road Stabilization and Section 2.4 Construction Debris Ground Cover.
- 1. The contractor must conduct operations and maintain the project site so as to minimize the creation and dispersion of dust. Use dust control throughout the work at the site.
- 2. The contractor must provide clean water, free from salt, oil, and other deleterious material to be used for on-site dust control.
- 3. The contractor shall supply water-spraying equipment capable of accessing all work areas.
- 4. The contractor shall implement strict dust control measures during active construction
- periods on-site. These control measures shall generally consist of water applications that

Chapter 9 Other Practices

Chapter 2 Soil Stabilization

Planting Dates

Feb 15 to Apr 30

Aug 15 to Oct 31

ov 1 to Nov 30

Feb 15 to Apr 304

May 1 to May 31

Feb 15 to Apr 30

May 1 to Sep 305

prevent dust emissions. 5 For water application to undisturbed soil surfaces, the contractor shall:

- (a) Apply water with equipment consisting of tank, spray bar, and pump with discharge
- (b) Arrange spray bar height, nozzle spacing and spray pattern to provide complete coverage

shall be applied a minimum of once per day during dry weather or more often as required to

- of ground with water. (c) Disperse water through nozzles on spray bar at 20 psi (137.8 kPa) minimum. Keep areas damp without creating nuisance conditions such as ponding.
- 6. For water application to soil surfaces during demolition and/or excavation, the contractor
- a) Apply water with equipment consisting of a tank, pump with discharge gauge, hoses and b) Locate tank and spraying equipment so that the entire excavation area can be misted without interfering with demolition and/or excavation equipment or operations. Keep
- areas damp without creating nuisance conditions such as ponding. c) Apply water spray in a manner to prevent movement of spray beyond the site boundaries.

9.1.6 Maintenance

Because dust controls are dependent on specific site and weather conditions, inspection and maintenance are unique for each site. Generally, dust control measures involving application of either water or chemicals require more monitoring than structural or vegetative controls to remain effective. If structural controls are used, inspect them for deterioration on a regular basis to ensure that they are still achieving their intended purpose.

Chapter 2 Soil Stabilization

Seeding Mixture	Туре	Seed lb/ac	ling Rate lb/1,000 ft²	Time	Mowing
Tall fescue makes up 70% or more of	10-10-10	500	11.5	Yearly or as needed.	Not closer than 3 inches, if
cover.	30-10-10	400	9.2	Fall	occasional mowing is desired.
Birdsfoot trefoil.	0-20-0	400	9.2	Spring, the year following establish- ment, and every 4 to 5 years, after.	Mow no closer than 2 inches.
Fairly uniform stand of tall fescue or birdsfoot trefoil.	5-10-10	500	11.5	Fall, the year following establish- ment, and every 4 to 5 years, after.	Not required, no closer than 4 inches in the fall after seed has matured.
Weeping lovegrass fairly uniform plant distribution.	5-10-10	500	11.5	Spring, the year following establish- ment, and every 3 to 4 years, after.	Not required, not closer than 4 inches in fall after seed has matured.
Red & chewings fescue, Kentucky	20-10-10	250	5.8	September, 30 days later.	Mow no closer than 2 inches
bluegrass, hard fescue mixtures.	20-10-10	100	2.3	December, May 20, June 30, if needed.	for red fescue and Kentucky bluegrass, 3 inches for fescue.
Red & chewings fescue, Kentucky	20-10-10	250	5.8	September, 30 days later.	Mow no closer than 2 inches for red fescue and Kentucky
bluegrass, hard fescue mixtures.	20-10-10	100	2.3	December, May 20, June 30, if needed.	bluegrass, 3 inches for fescue.

- 1. In the absence of adequate rainfall, perform watering daily or as often as necessary during the
- 2. After the first week, sod watering is required as necessary to maintain adequate moisture
- Do not attempt the first mowing of sod until the sod is firmly rooted. Do not remove more

3. Methods of Seeding - Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed, fertilizer and mulch), broadcast or drop seeder, or a cultipacker seeder.

(a) Hydroseeding i) If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates will not exceed the following: nitrogen, maximum of 100 pounds per acre total of soluble nitrogen; P₂O₅ (phosphorous), 200 pounds per acre; K₂O (potassium), 200 pounds per

Chapter 2 Soil Stabilization

ii) Lime - Use only ground agricultural limestone, (up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons per acre are applied by

Mix soil amendments into the top 3 to 5 inches of topsoil by disking or other suitable means.

Rake lawn areas to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and

ready the area for seed application. Where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed

roughen the surface. Track steep slopes (steeper than 3:1) by a dozer leaving the soil in an

irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. The top 1 to 3

inches of soil should be loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may not be necessary on newly

preparation, loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to

hydroseeding at any one time. Do not use burnt or hydrated lime when hydroseeding. iii) Seed and fertilizer must be mixed on site and seeding must be done immediately and without interruption.

iv) Fiber mulch may be incorporated into the hydroseeding mixture. Consult Section 2.7 Mulching for standards and specifications for mulch materials.

Apply soil amendments as per soil test or as included on the plans.

disturbed areas.

(b) Dry Seeding - This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders i) Incorporate seed spread dry into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on the Temporary or Permanent Seeding Summaries or Tables 2.4 or 2.7. The seeded area must then be rolled with a weighted roller to provide good seed to soil contact.

ii) Where practical, apply seed in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.

(c) Drill or Cultipacker Seeding - Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil.

i) Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least 1/4 inches of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after planting.

ii) Where practical, apply seed in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.

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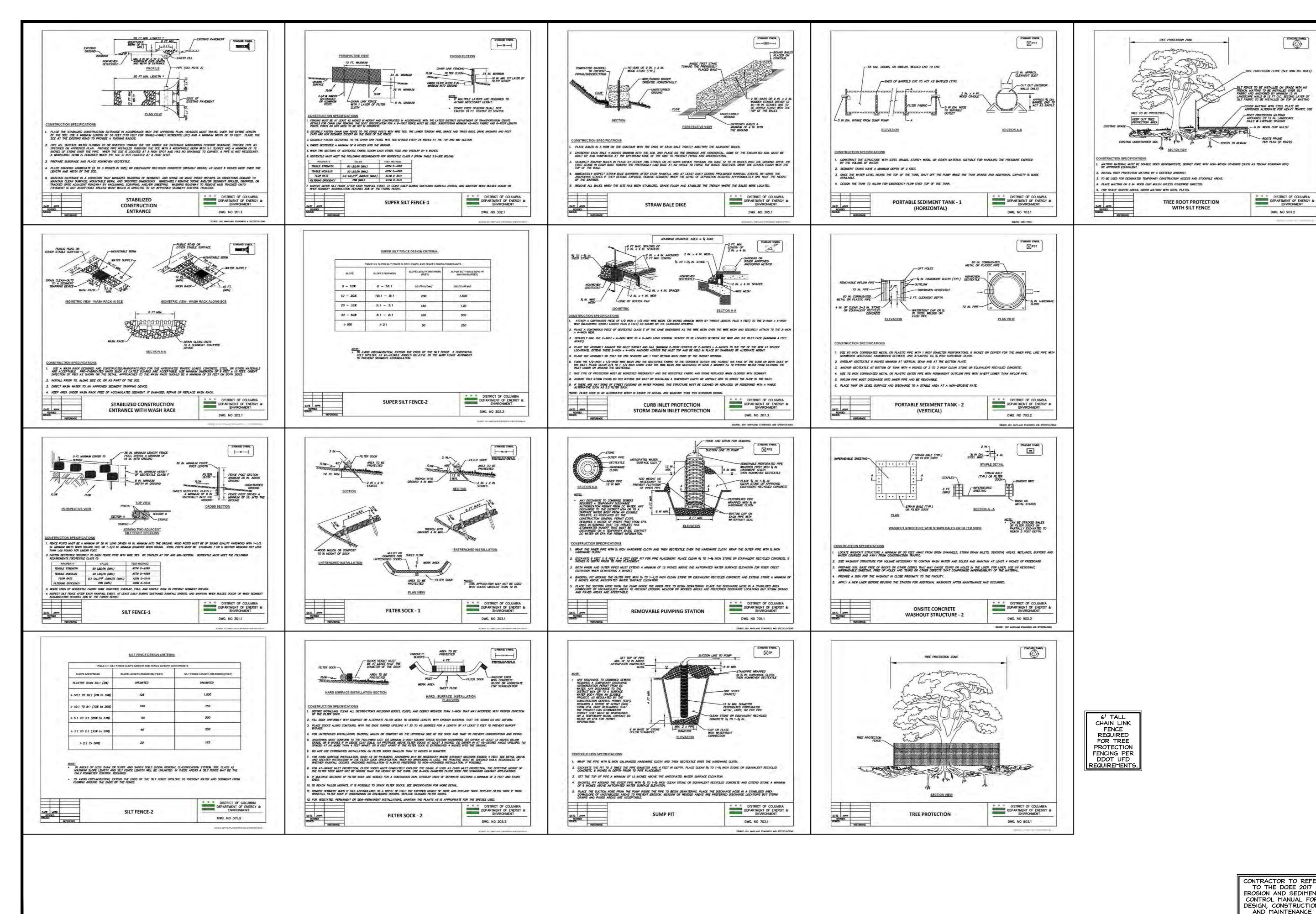
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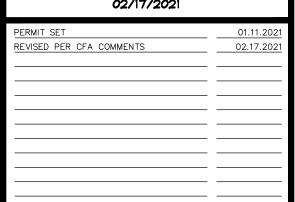
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CAS PROJECT 18-170B-DC

DATE 02/2021

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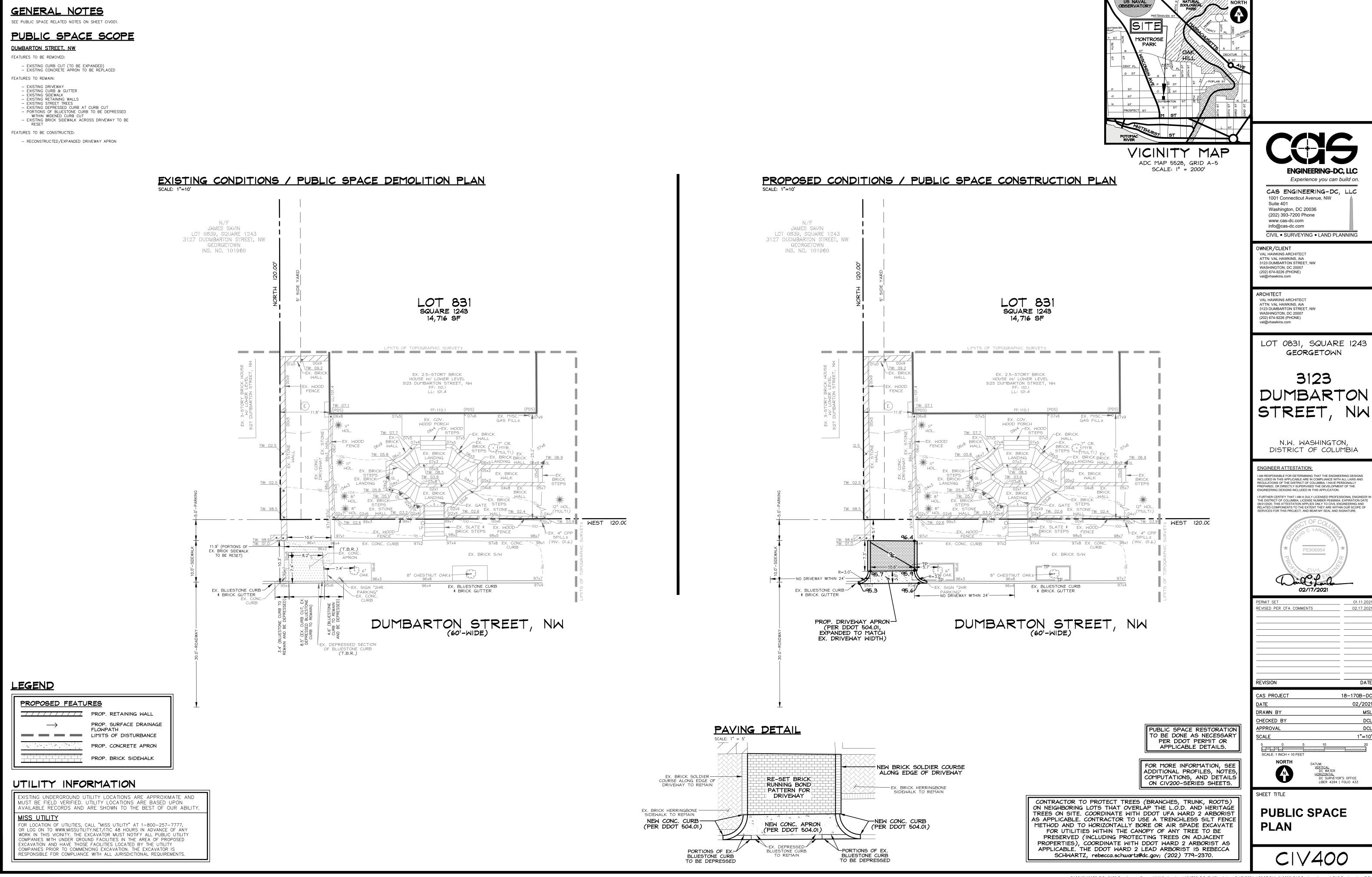
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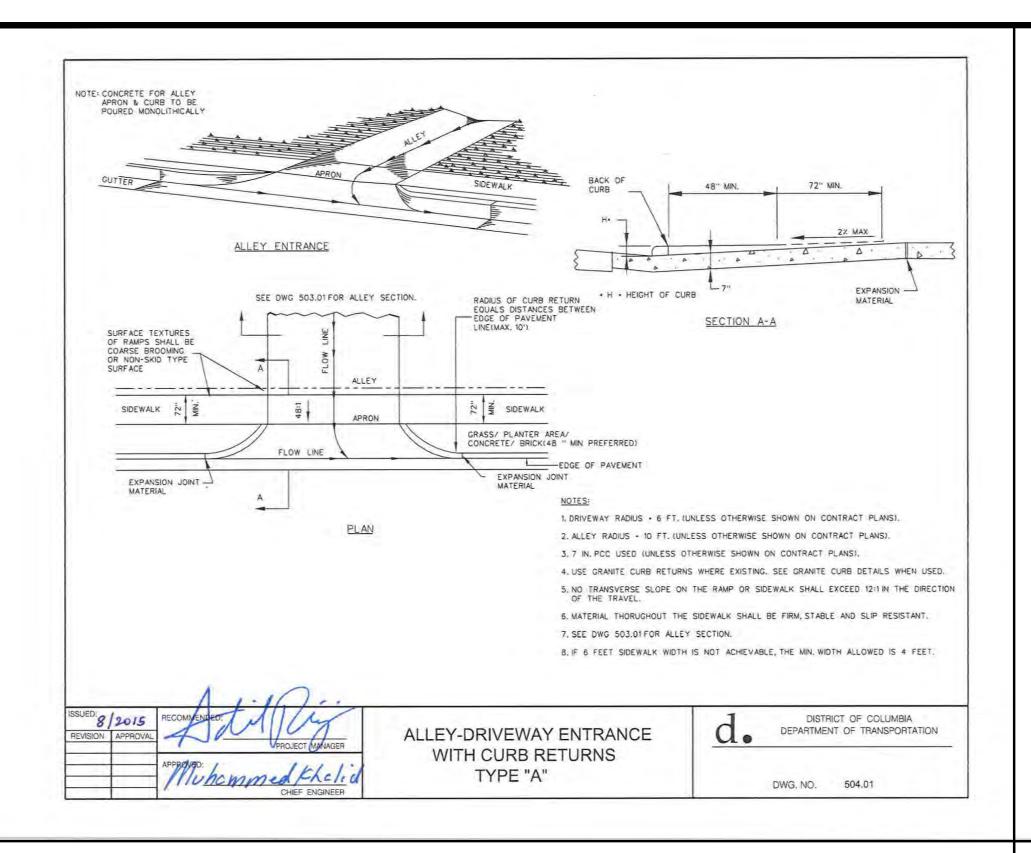
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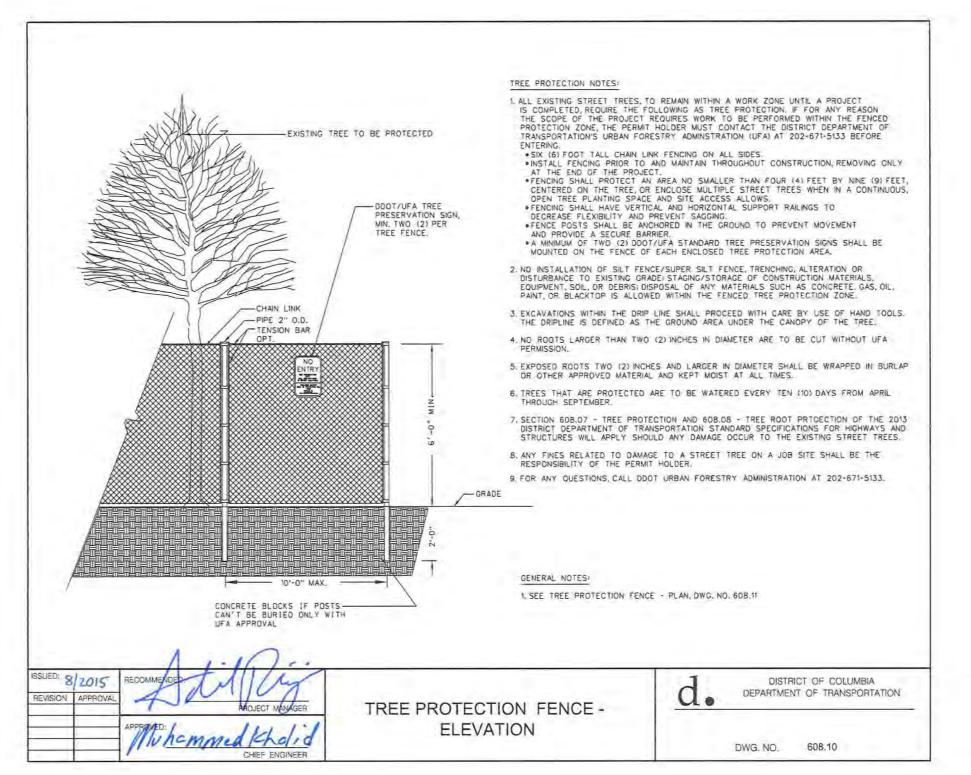
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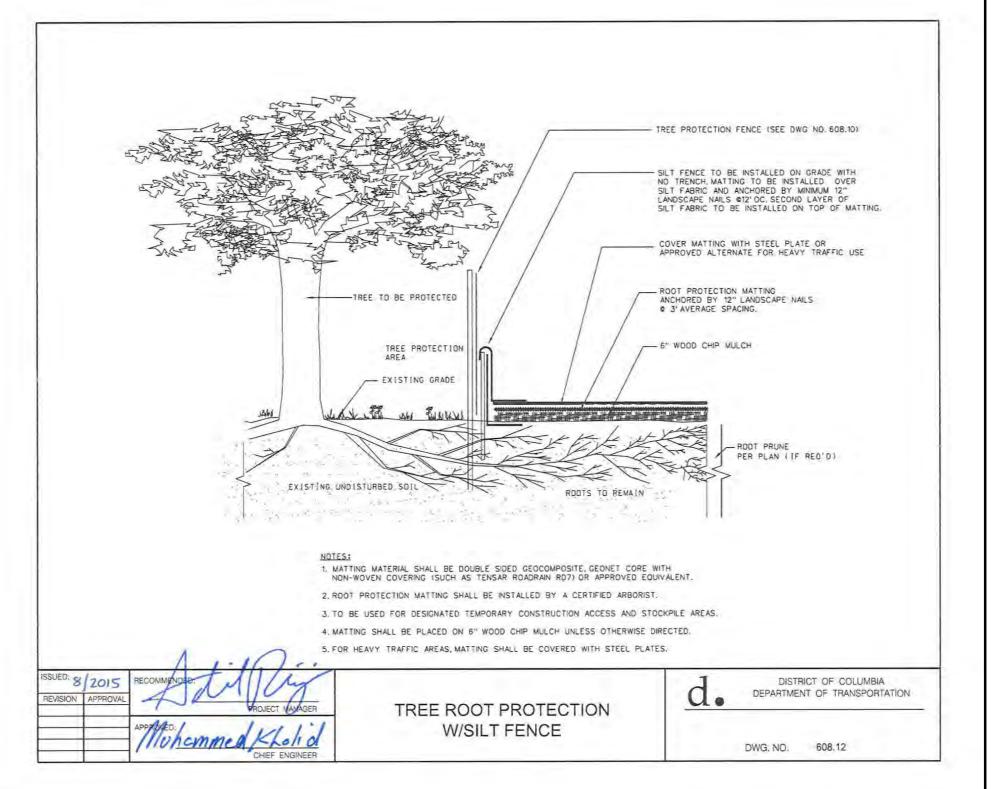
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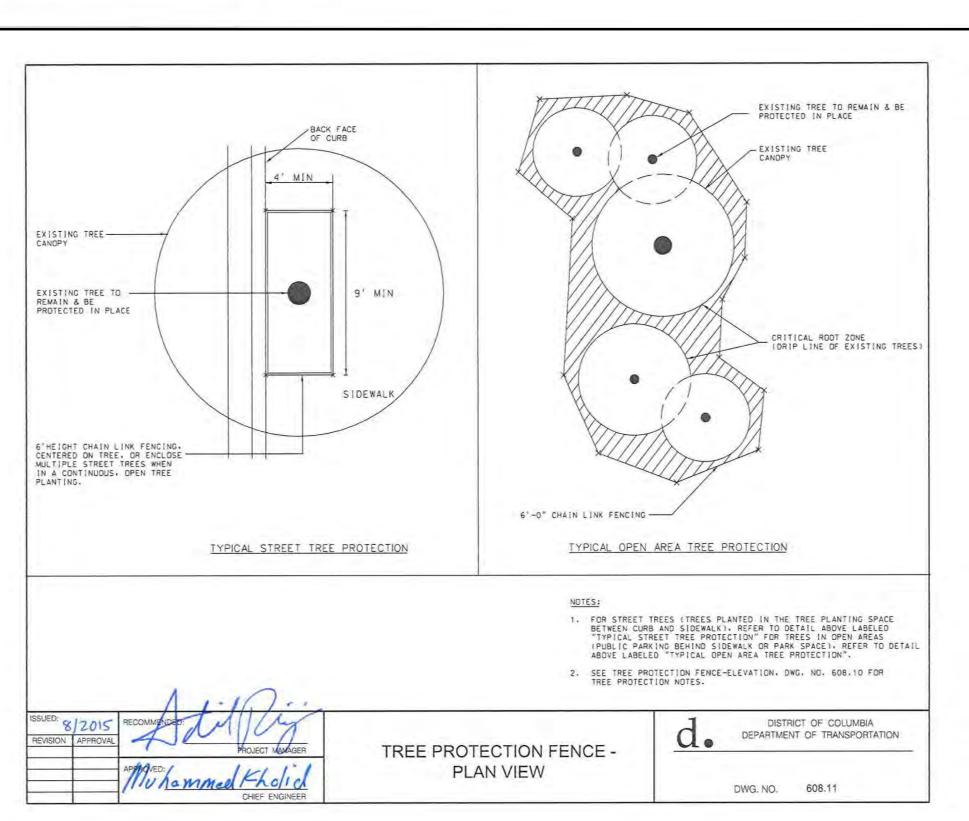
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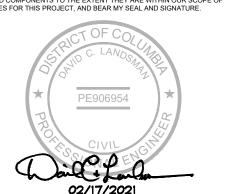
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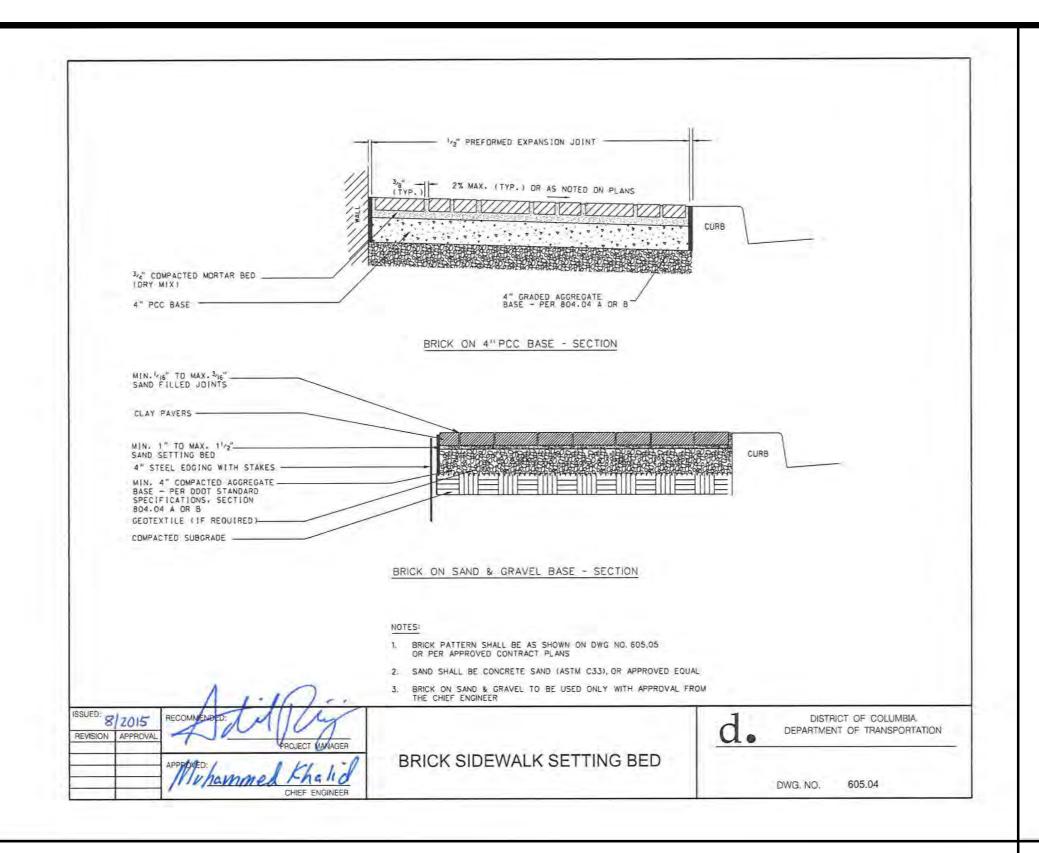
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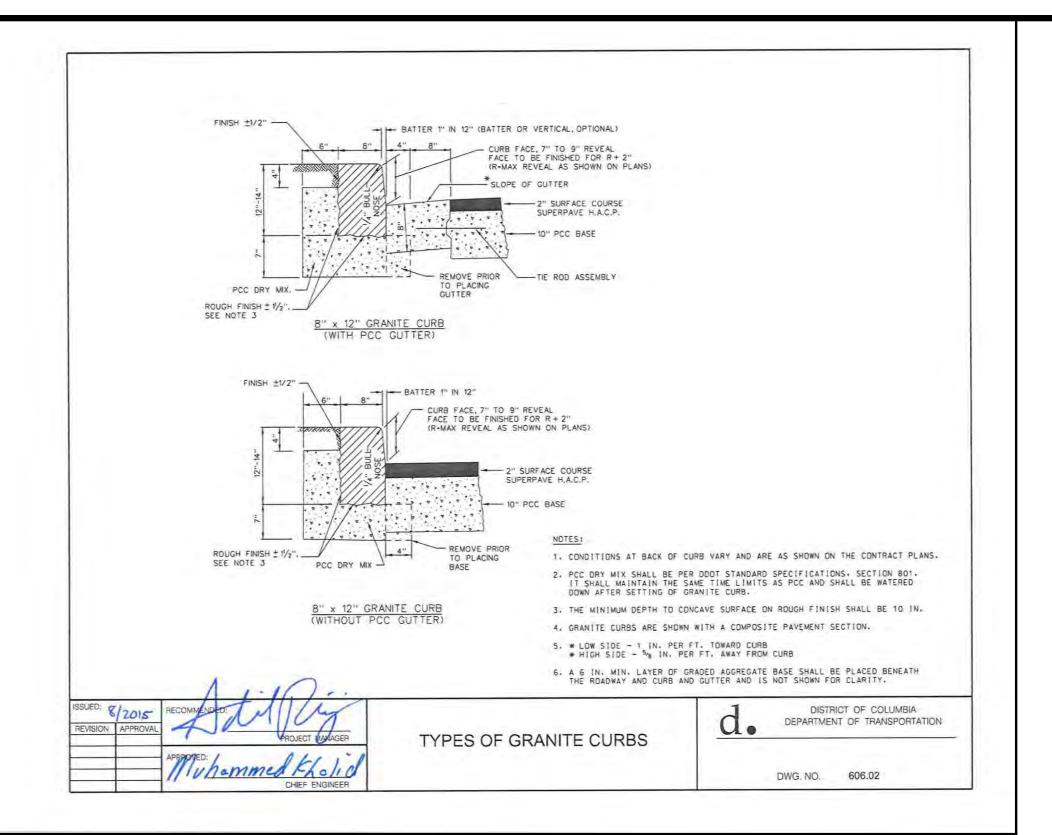
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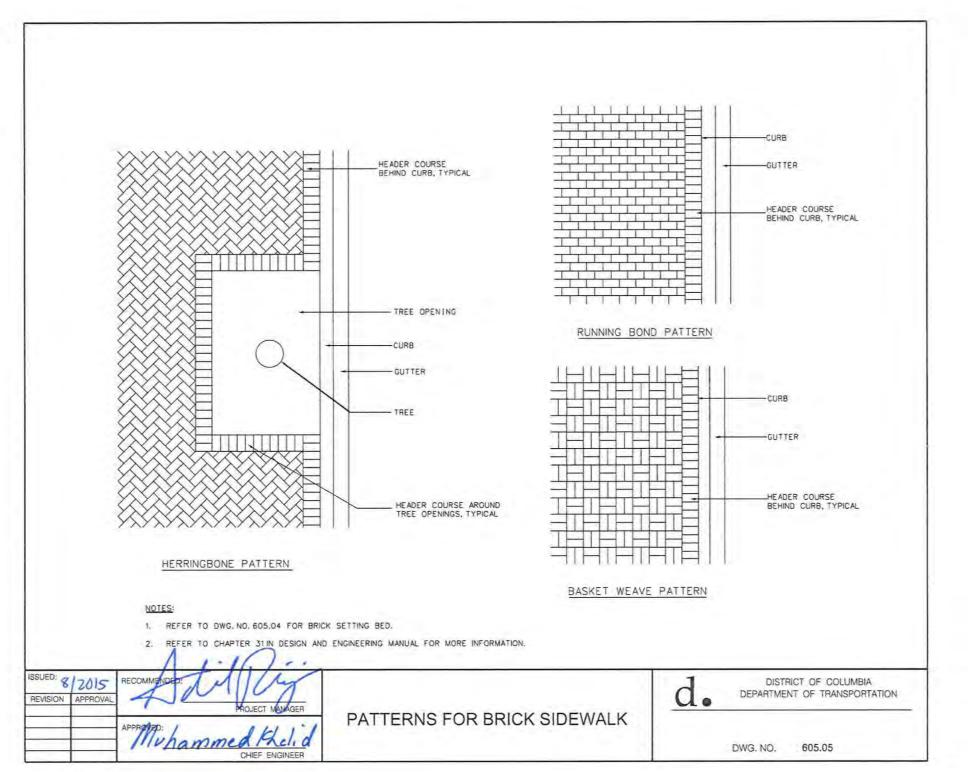
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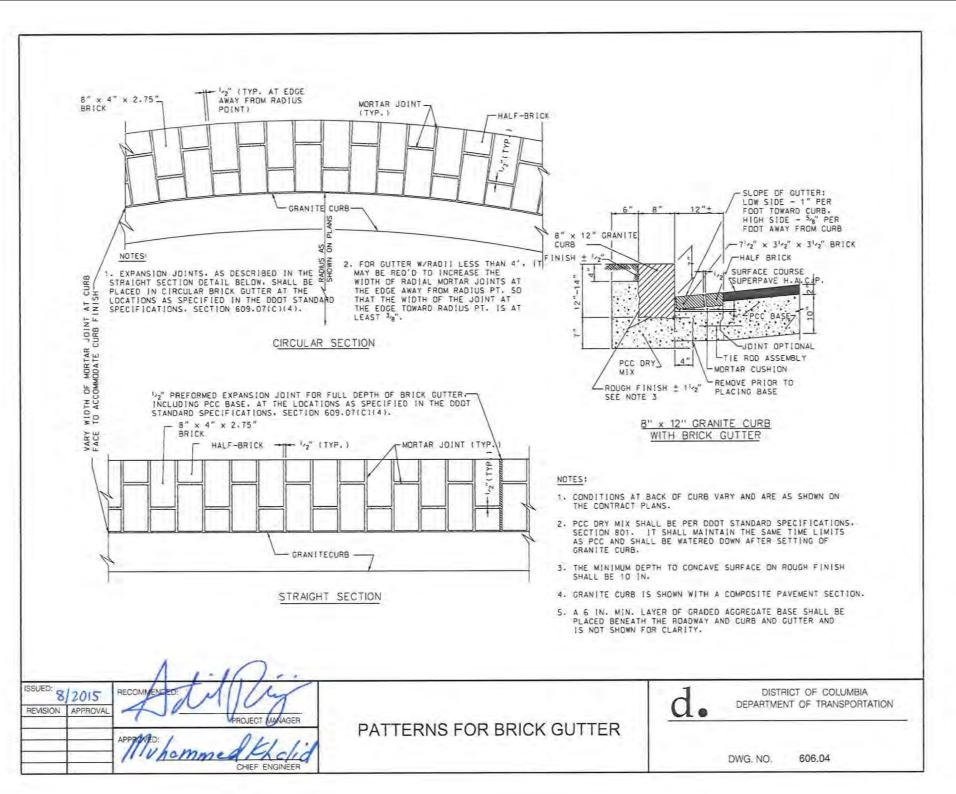
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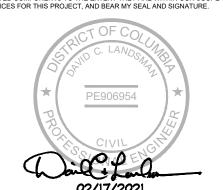
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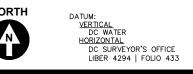
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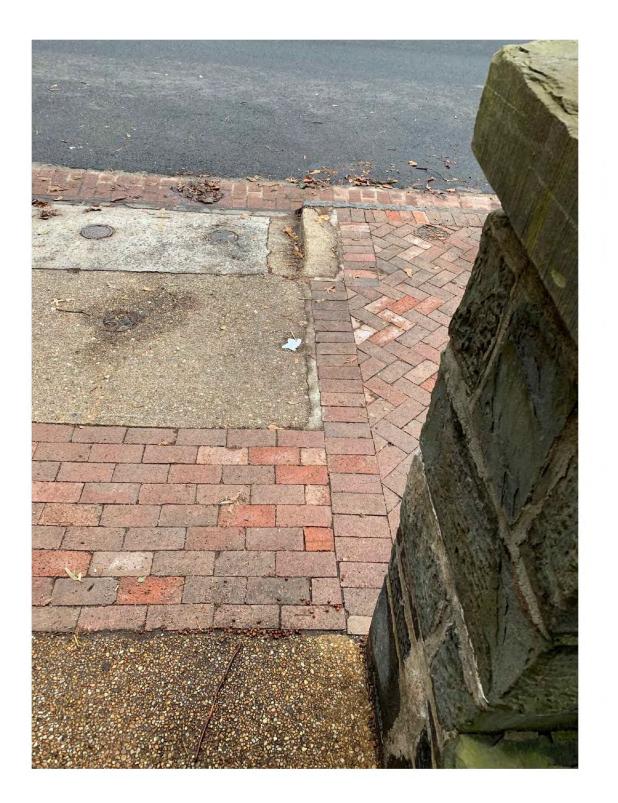


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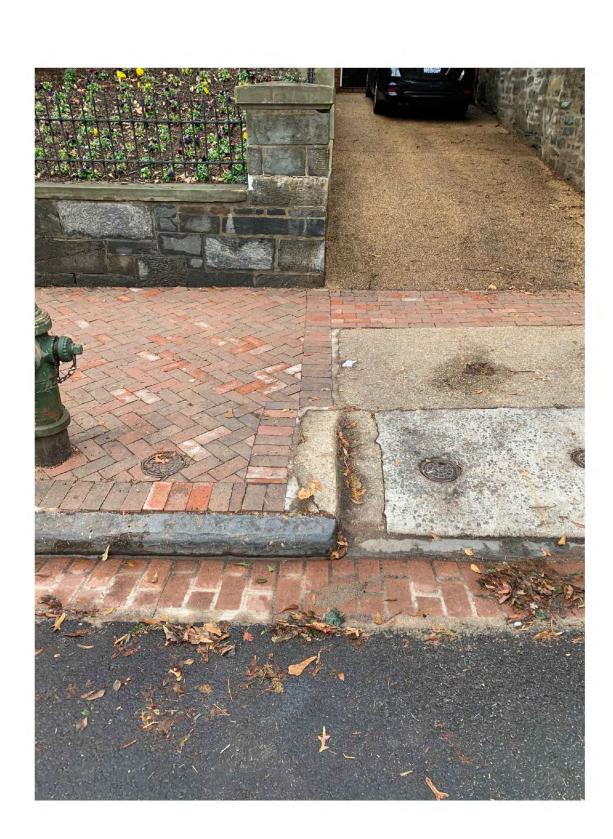






TOP ROW PHOTOGRAPHED FROM TOP OF DRIVEWAY, EXITING THE DRIVEWAY TO THE STREET. THE EAST CURB PROTRUSION (TOP LEFT PHOTO ON PAGE) IS THE PROBLEM AND SHOULD BE ALIGNED WITH THE PARKING DRIVEWAY

BOTTOM ROW PHOTOGRAPHED FROM STREET LOOKING INTO PARKING AREA OF DRIVEWAY AS A CAR PULLS INTO THE DRIVEWAY FROM THE STREET, THE EAST CURB CUT (BOTTOM RIGHT PHOTO ON PAGE) IS TOO NARROW AND IS IN THE WAY OF THE RIGHT FRONT TIRE OF THE ENTERING CAR









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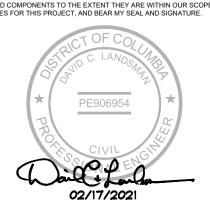
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N.W. WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA



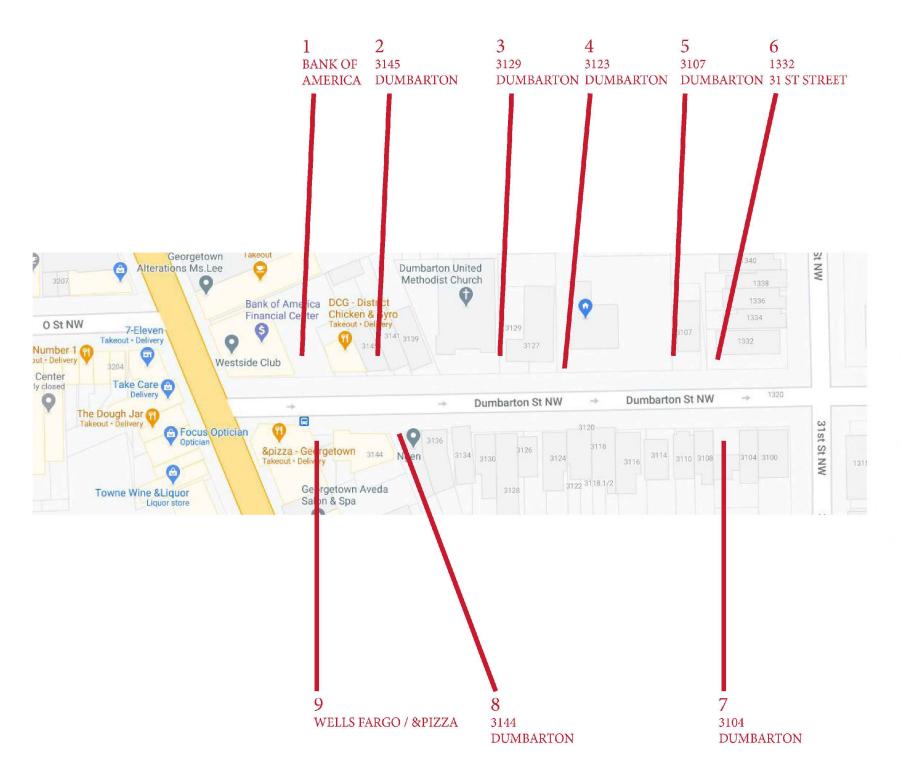
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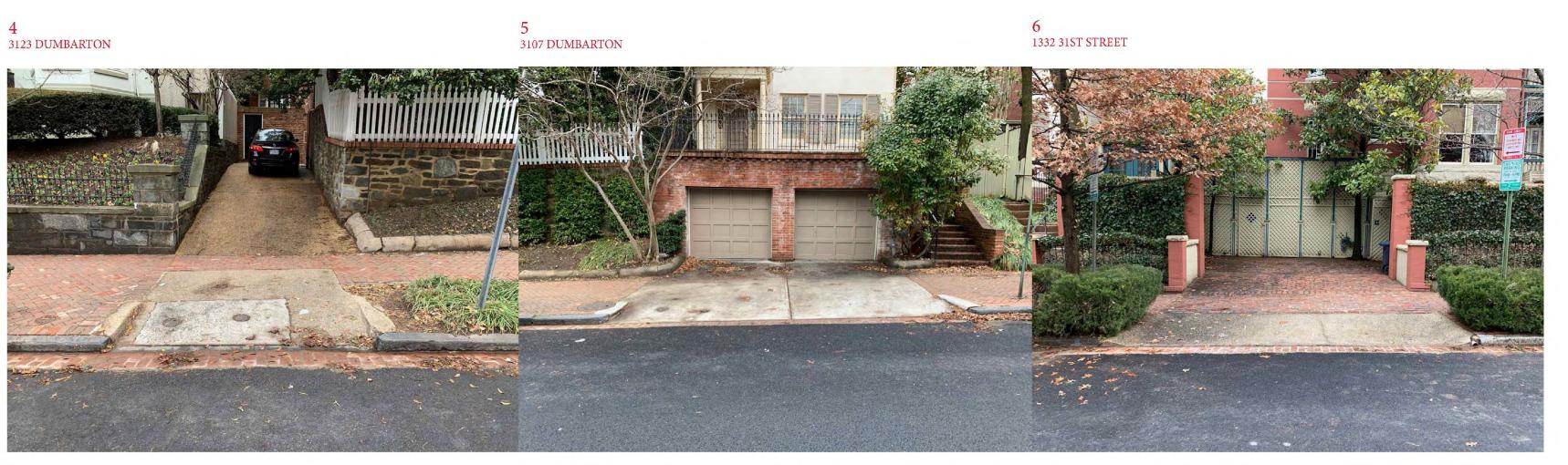
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LOT 0831, SQUARE 1243 GEORGETOWN

DUMBARTON STREET, NW

N.W. WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

ENGINEER ATTESTATION:

I AM RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING THAT THE ENGINEERING DESIGNS INCLUDED IN THIS APPLICABLE ARE IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL LAWS AND REGULATIONS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. I HAVE PERSONALLY PREPARED, OR DIRECTLY SUPERVISED THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE ENGINEERING DESIGNS INCLUDED IN THIS APPLICATION.



PERMIT SET	01.11.20
REVISED PER CFA COMMENTS	02.17.20
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